# Vidyasagar University



Dept. of Chemistry and Chemical Technology

Syllabus 2018

For

M.Sc. in Chemistry

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Semester Programme)

[w. e. f. 2018-19 session]

## M.Sc. in **CHEMISTRY**

ari (rampa	COLIDAR	GOVER THE THE	T = 11	G 11
SEMESTER	COURSE NO.	COURSE TITLES	Full	Credit
	CEM 101	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - I	Marks 50	4
	CEM 101	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I	50	4
	CEM 102	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I	50	4
I	CEM 104	FOOD PROCESSING AND PRESERVATION AND COMPUTER BASICS	50	4
-	CEM 195	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (practical)	50	4
	CEM 196	FOOD PROCESSING AND PRESERVATION (practical)	50	4
		TOTAL	300	24
	CEM 201	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
	CEM 202	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
	CEM 203	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
	C-CEM 204	NANOTECHNOLOGY: PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES(CBCS)	50	4
	CEM 295	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY (practical)	50	4
II	CEM 296	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY (practical)	50	4
	CEI(12) 0	TOTAL	300	24
	CEM 301	ADVANCED SPECTROSCOPY-I	50	
		PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION		
	CEM 302	ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I	50	4
	CEM 303	ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
		INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION		ı
	CEM 302	ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I	50	4
	CEM 303	ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
	CEI/1 5 0 5	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION	50	
	CEM 302	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I	50	4
	CEM 303	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
	CEW 303	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEWISTRT-II	30	4
	C-CEM 304	INTRODUCTION TO PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY(CBCS)	50	4
	CEM 395	CHEMISTRY PROJECT-I(PHYSICAL SPL/ORGANIC SPL/INORGANIC SPL)	100	8
		TOTAL	300	24
	CEM 401	ADVANCED SPECTROSCOPY-II	50	4
		PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION	•	
	CEM 402	ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-III	50	4
	CEM 403	ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-IV	50	4
	CEM 404	CHEMISTRY IN TECHNOLOGY	50	4
		INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION		
	CEM 402	ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I	50	4
	CEM 403	ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II	50	4
IV	CEM 404	CHEMISTRY IN TECHNOLOGY	50	4
		ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIALISATION	1	
	CEM 402	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III	50	4
	CEM 403	ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV	50	4
	CEM 404	CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES IN FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	50	4
	CEM 495	CHEMISTRY PROJECT-II (PHYSICAL SPL/ORGANIC SPL/ INORGANIC SPL)	100	8
		TOTAL	300	24
		ALL TOTAL	1200	96

## **Overview**

Semester	Paper	No of Papers	Full Marks of Each Paper	Credit Point of Each Paper	Total Marks	Credit Points	Total Credit Point
<b>1</b> st	Theoretical	4	40+10 = 50	4	200	16	24
	Practical	2	50	4	100	8	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	Theoretical	4	40+10 = 50	4	200	16	24
	Practical	2	50	4	100	8	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	Theoretical	4	40+10 = 50	4	200	16	24
	Practical (Project)	1	100	8	100	8	
<b>4</b> th	Theoretical	4	40+10 = 50	4	200	16	24
	Practical (Project)	1	100	8	100	8	
					Grand T	otal 96 Cred	lit Points

1 <sup>st</sup> semester: General Course					
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point	
CEM 101	Physical Chemistry-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Mathematical preliminaries & Quantum Mechanics-I				
Unit II	Thermodynamics				
Unit III	Statistical Mechanics I				
Unit IV	Fundamentals of Nanoscience and Technology				
Unit V	Principles of molecular spectroscopy-I				
CEM-102	Organic Chemistry-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Pericyclic reaction-1 Organic transformations / synthesis /				
Unit II	reagents				
Unit III	Natural products- terpenoids				
Unit IV	Natural products- alkaloids				
Unit V	Retro-synthesis I				
CEM-103	Inorganic Chemistry-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Symmetry and Group theory-I	H.			
TT '4 TT	Solid state chemistry and				
Unit II Unit III	Crystallography				
Clift III	Bioinorganic chemistry-I  Food processing and preservation and				
CEM-104	Computer basics	45L	50	4	
	Constituents of food, food pigments				
Unit I	and flavouring agents				
Unit II	Introduction to food microbiology				
Unit III	Food preservation: Principles and methods				
Unit IV	Computer basics I				
Unit V	Computer basics I; data manipulation				
CEM-195	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	8 Weeks	50	4	
0514.406	Food processing preservation and	0.14		4	
CEM-196	packaging Practical	8 Weeks	50 Total Mar	4 ks 30	
			Total Cred	it 2	
			i otal Cieu	2	

	2 <sup>nd</sup> Semester: General Cou	rse		
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point
CEM-201 Unit I Unit II Unit III Unit IV Unit V	Physical Chemistry-II Quantum Mechanics-II Chemical kinetics-I Electrochemistry Molecular spectroscopy-II Surface chemistry	45L	50	4
CEM-202 Unit I Unit II Unit III Unit IV Unit V	Organic Chemistry-II Pericyclic reaction-2 Organic transformations/synthesis/reagents chemistry-2 Retrosynthetic analysis II Stereochemistry-1 Stereochemistry-2,	45L	50	4
CEM-203 Unit I Unit II Unit III	Inorganic Chemistry-II Organometallic chemistry -I Group theory-II Chemistry of p and d-block elements	45L	50	4
CEM-204 (Elective Course)	Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices  Introduction, synthesis of nanomaterials, analysis techniques, application of nanotechlogy	45L	50	4
CEM-295	Organic Chemistry Practical	8 Weeks	50	4
CEM-296	Physical Chemistry Practical	8 Weeks	50	4
		To	tal Marks	30
		То	tal Credit	2

	3rd Semester: Physical Chemistry Spl.						
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	<b>Credit Point</b>			
CEM-301	Advanced Spectroscopy-I	45L	50	4			
Unit I	Photophysical Processes						
Unit II	LASERs and its applications						
Unit III	EPR spectroscopy						
Unit IV	PES and NQR spectroscopy						
CEM-302	Advanced Physical Chemistry-I	45L	50	4			
Unit I	Matrix mechanics						
Unit II	Stationary perturbation theory						
Unit III	Semiclassical radiation – matter interaction						
Unit IV	Semiemperical methods in quantum chemistry						
Unit V	Group theory & quantum mechanics						
CEM-303	Advanced Physical Chemistry-II	45L	50	4			
Unit I	Solid state chemistry I						
Unit II	Solid state chemistry II						
Unit III	Statistical mechanics II						
Unit IV	Statistical mechanics III						
Unit V	Non equilibrium theromodynamics						
C-CEM 304	Introduction of Pharmaceutical Chemistry (CBCS): Classification and nomenclature of drugs, Theory of drug action and factors affectingthe drugs, Types of drugs, Antimalarial drugs	45L	50	4			
		16					
CEM-395	Physical Chemistry Project I	Weeks	100	8			
	Total Marks		300				
	Total Credit			24			

3rd Semester: Inorganic Chemistry Spl.					
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point	
CEM-301	Advanced Spectroscopy-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Photophysical Processes				
Unit II	LASERs and its applications				
Unit III	EPR spectroscopy				
Unit IV	PES and NQR spectroscopy				
CEM-302	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Organometallic chemistry – II and catalysis				
Unit II	Chemical applications of group theory				
CEM-303	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-II	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Bioinorganic chemistry – II				
Unit II	Inorganic photochemistry				
C-CEM 304	Introduction of Pharmaceutical Chemistry (CBCS): Classification and nomenclature of drugs, Theory of drug action and factors affecting the drugs, Types of drugs, Antimalarial drugs	45L	50	4	
		16			
CEM-395	Inorganic Chemistry Project I	Weeks	100	8	
	Total Marks		300		
	<b>Total Credit</b>			24	

3rd Semester: Organic Chemistry Spl.					
				Credit	
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Point	
CEM 301	Advanced Spectroscopy-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Photophysical Processes				
Unit II	LASERs and its applications				
Unit III	EPR spectroscopy				
Unit IV	PES and NQR spectroscopy				
CEM 302	Advanced Organic Chemistry-I	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Pericyclic Reaction-III				
Unit II	Linear free energy relationship I				
Unit III	Linear free energy relationship II				
Unit IV	Organometallic Chemistry				
CEM 303	Advanced Organic Chemistry II	45L	50	4	
Unit I	Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-I				
Unit II	Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-II				
Unit III	Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-III				
Unit IV	Peptides and Nucleic acids				
Unit V	Green Chemistry.				
C-CEM 304	Introduction of Pharmaceutical Chemistry (CBCS): Classification and nomenclature of drugs, Theory of drug action and factors affecting the drugs, Types of drugs, Antimalarial drugs	45L	50	4	
		16			
CEM-395	Organic Chemistry Project I	Weeks	100	8	
	Total Marks		300		
	Total Credit			24	

	4th Semester: Physical Chemistry Sp	ol.		
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point
<b>CEM 401</b>	Advanced Spectroscopy-II	45L	50	4
Unit I	NMR spectroscopy I			
Unit II	NMR spectroscopy II			
Unit III	Mass spectroscopy			
Unit IV	Combined applications of spectroscopic techniques			
Unit V	CD, ORD, MossBauer spectroscopy			
CEM 402	Advanced Physical Chemistry III	45L	50	4
Unit I	Quantum mechanics of many electron systems I			
Unit II	Atomic Spectroscopy			
Unit III	QM of diatomic molecules			
Unit IV	QM of many electron systems II			
Unit V	Application of perturbation theory			
CEM 403	Advanced Physical Chemistry IV	45L	50	4
Unit I	Chemical kinetics II			
Unit II	Chemical kinetics III			
Unit III	Macromolecules			
Unit IV	Bioploymers			
Unit V	Advanced electrochemistry			
CEM 404	Chemistry in technology	45L	50	4
Unit I	Biophysical Chemistry			
Unit II	Instrumental analysis: theory and practices			
Unit III	Chemical toxicology			
Unit IV	Corrosion technology			
		16		
CEM 495	Physical Chemistry Project II	Weeks	100	8
	Total Marks		300	
	Total Credit			24

4th Semester: Inorganic Chemistry Spl.				
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point
<b>CEM 401</b>	Advanced Spectroscopy-II	45L	50	4
Unit I	NMR spectroscopy I			
Unit II	NMR spectroscopy II			
Unit III	Mass spectroscopy			
Unit IV	Combined applications of spectroscopic techniques			
Unit V	CD, ORD, MossBauer spectroscopy			
CEM 402	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry III	45L	50	4
Unit I	Magnetochemistry			
Unit II	Metal carbonyls and clusters			
<b>CEM 403</b>	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry IV	45L	50	4
Unit I	Inorganic reaction mechanism			
Unit II	Analytical chemistry			
<b>CEM 404</b>	Chemistry in technology	45L	50	4
Unit I	Biophysical Chemistry			
Unit II	Instrumental analysis: theory and practices			
Unit III	Chemical toxicology			
Unit IV	Corrosion technology			
CEM 495	Inorganic Chemistry Project II	16 Weeks	100	8
	Total Marks		300	
	Total Credit			24

	4th Semester: Organic Chemistry Spl.					
Paper	Course	Duration	Marks	Credit Point		
<b>CEM 401</b>	Advanced Spectroscopy-II	45L	50	4		
Unit I	NMR spectroscopy I					
Unit II	NMR spectroscopy II					
Unit III	Mass spectroscopy					
Unit IV	Combined applications of spectroscopic					
	techniques					
Unit V	CD, ORD, MossBauer spectroscopy					
<b>CEM 402</b>	Advanced Organic Chemistry III	45L	50	4		
Unit I	Organic photochemistry I & II					
Unit II	Biologically active molecules					
Unit III	Vitamins and coenzymes					
Unit IV	Heterocyclic chemistry					
CEM 403	Advanced Organic Chemistry IV	45L	50	4		
Unit I	Stereochemistry III					
Unit II	Stereochemistry IV					
Unit III	Stereochemistry V					
Unit IV	Stereochemistry VI					
Unit V	Stereochemistry VII					
CEM 404	Chemical principles in food science and technology:  Storage and handling of fresh and processed food and vegetables, dairy processing, cereal processing, fats and oils, quality control and food safety.	45L	50	4		
		16	1.5			
CEM 495	Organic Chemistry Project II	Weeks	100	8		
	Total Marks		300			
	Total Credit			24		

## **SEMESTER-I**

CEM – 101: Physical Chemistry-I Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

## **Unit-1: Mathematical Preliminaries & Quantum Mechanics-I**

Elements of Calculus, Extremum Principles, Constrained Extremization, powerer Series, Fourier transformation, Vectors and vector space, Differential equations.

Postulates and their analysis, Properties of Operators and Commutators, angular momentum operator, Equation of Motion, Stationary States, Ehrenfest"s Theorems, Bound status: box with infinite and finite walls.

## **Unit-2: Thermodynamics:**

Chemical potential, Thermodynamic properties of gases with special reference to real gases in pure state and mixtures.

Thermodynamics of ideal and non-ideal binary solutions: excess functions; partial molar properties. Gibbs Duhem equation: uses. Fugacity, Different scales of activity co-efficients for solutes and solvents.

#### **Unit-3: Statistical Machanics - I:**

Phase cell, macrostate, microstate, thermodynamical probability and entropy, Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. PF for atoms and diatoms (translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic), Gibbs paradox.

#### **Unit: 4: Fundamentals of Nanoscience and technology**

Introduction and fundamentals of nanoscience and technology; synthesis, Characterization and properties of nanomaterials; Application of nanomaterials.

## **Unit: 5: Principle of Molecular Spectroscopy-I**

General introduction, nature of electromagnetic radiation, shapes & width of spectral lines, Intensity of spectral lines, Fourier transform.

Microwave Spectroscopy: Moment of Inertia and Classification of molecules, Diatomic molecule as rigid rotator, non rigid rotator, Hyperfine Structures, Stark Effect and determination of Dipole moment. Infrared Spectroscopy: Vibrational Spectra of diatomic Molecules, Harmonic Oscillator model, Anhermonic oscillator model, Rotational Vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules.

## CEM 102: Organic Chemistry –I Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

#### Unit-01

## Pericyclic reaction I:

Pericyclic reactions characteristic features, conservation of orbital symmetry MO of different polyenes, electrcyclic, cycloaddition, sigmatropic reactions, Rationalisation of different example with the basis of frontier orbital interaction, Wood Word Hofmann symmetry rules for pericyclic reactions, exceptions to symmetry rules, correlation diagram of different perecyclic reactions. Problems relating to these reactions.

#### Unit-02

## **Organic transformations/ Reagent Chemistry/Synthesis-I:**

Cation-olefin cyclization reaction: application to the synthesis of tritepenes: biogenetic isoprene rule: monocyclic, bicyclic, tricyclic, tetracyclic and pentacyclic ring systems. Fragmentation reaction, Remote functionalization: biomimetic reactions / template effect, examples. Functional groups inter conversion. Multicomponent reactions: Definition, early examples, Passerine reaction, Ugi reaction. Olefin metathesis reaction: Definition, Ring closing metathesis reaction, examples. Phase transfer catalysis.

#### Unit-03

## **Natural products-Terpenoids:**

Terpenoids: Isoprene rules, acyclic monoterpenoids, cetral geraniol neral, linalool monocyclic monoterpenoids; -terpeinol, structure elucidation, synthesis and biogenesis. Higher terpenoids: sesqui-, di-, sester-, tri-, tetra- terpenoids.

## **Unit - 04**

#### **Natural Products - Alkaloids:**

Alkaloids: Phenyl ethyl amine, quinine, nicotine: structure, synthesis, biogenesis.

#### **Unit - 05**

Retrosynthetic analysis-I: Organic Synthesis Strategy, the disconnection approach.

## CEM 103: Inorganic Chemistry-I Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

## Unit- 1: Symmetry and Group theory-I

Groups and their properties- the concept of groups; subgroups, classes and the related theorems; commutative (abelian) groups and cyclic groups and their examples; group multiplication tables and the rearrangement theorem. Symmetry elements and operations, products of symmetry operations, equivalent symmetry elements and equivalent atoms, symmetry in platonic solids, identification of point groups, Symmetry of C<sub>60</sub> fullerenes, Crystallographic symmetry: 32 crystal classes, Hermann–Mauguin (HM) notations, optical activity and dipole-moment on the basis of point group symmetry; similarity transformation and the invariance of characters; block diagonalisation; direct product of matrices and their characters etc. Matrix representation of symmetry operations, characters of symmetry operations in a representation, invariance of character under similarity transformation, the row / column orthogonality of characters, reducible and irreducible representations, the "Great Orthogonality Theorem" (without derivation) and its corollaries.

## **Unit- 2: Solid state Chemistry and crystallography**

Defects in solids, line and plane defects. Deterination of equilibrium concentration of Schottky and Frenkel defects, Stoichimetric imbalance in crystals and non-stoichiometric phases, Color centres in ionic crystals. Band theory, band gap, metals, insulators, semiconductors (intrinsic and extrinsic), hopping semiconductors, rectifiers and transistors. Bonding in metal crystals: Free electron theory, electronic specific heat, Hall effect, electrical and thermal conductivity of metals, Superconductivity, Meissner effect, basic concepts of BCS (Bardeen-Copper-Schriffer) theory.

Crystalline solid: single crystal and polycrystal (twinning problem) lattice, unit cell-primitive and non-primitive unit cells, unit cell parameters and crystal systems. Space group- Hermann– Mauguin notations, space group in triclinic and monoclinic system. Indexing of lattice planes, Miller indices. Bragg's equation, reciprocal lattice and its relation to direct lattice; Bragg's reflection in terms of reciprocal lattice-sphere of reflection and limiting sphere; relation between  $d_{hkl}$  and lattice parameters.

## **Unit: 3 Bioinorganic chemistry-I:**

Essential elements in Biology (major and trace), beneficial and toxic elements, role of metal ions. Bioenergetic principle and role of ATP. O<sub>2</sub> – uptake proteins: hemoglobin, myoglobin, hemerythrin and hemocyanin, structure, function and model study. Electron transport protein: Fe-S proteins, cytochromes. Metal ions transport and storage proteins: ferritin, transferin, ceruloplasmin. Transport across biological membrane - Na<sup>+</sup>-K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase, ionophores. Hydrolytic enzymes: carbonic anhydrase, carboxy peptidase, urease. Metal dependent diseases: Wilson's disease, Alzheimer disease. Transition metal complexes as drugs.

#### CEM 104: FOOD PROCESSING AND PRESERVATION-I and COMPUTER BASICS

Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

#### **UNIT-I:**

Constituents of Food: Water; Water in foods and its properties, Carbohydrates; Sources and physicochemical and functional properties, Proteins; Sources and physico-chemical and functional properties, Purification of proteins, Common food proteins, Lipids; Sources and physico chemical and functional properties, PUFA (Poly-unsaturated Fatty Acids), Lipids of biological importance like cholesterol and phospholipids, Hydrogenation and rancidity of lipids, Saponification number, iodine value of lipids, Vitamins and Minerals; Sources, classification and structures of minerals & vitamins, Effect of processing and storage of vitamins, Pro vitamins A & D; Vitamins as antioxidants

Food Pigments & Flavouring Agents: Importance, types and sources of pigments, their changes during processing and storages

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Introduction to food microbiology**- definition, historical development and significance, Factors influencing the growth and survival of microorganisms in foods, Role of microbes in fermented foods and genetically modified foods, Food spoilage, Types and causes of food spoilage.

Microbiology of milk & milk products like cheese, butter, ice-cream, Microbiology of meat, fish, poultry & egg and their products, Microbiology of cereal and cereal products like bread, confectionary etc.

#### **UNIT-III:**

Food preservation: Principles and methods: Canning; Preservation principle of canning of food items, thermal process time calculations for canned foods, spoilage in canned foods; Dehydration and drying of food items; Water activity of food and its significance in food preservation, IMF, Low temperature preservation; freezing and cold storage, cold chain, Preservation by fermentation; curing and pickling, Use of preservative in foods; chemical preservative, biopreservatives, antibiotics, lactic acid bacteria, Hurdle technology

## **Unit –IV:**

Computer Basics-I: Block diagram of a computer, Functions of the Different Units, Input unit, Output unit, Memory unit, CPU (ALU+CU), Input Devices: Keyboard, Mouse, Data Scanning devices image scanner, OCR, OMR, MICR, Barcode reader, card reader. Output Devices: Monitor, Printer-laser printer, dot-matrix printer, inkjetprinter, Projector. Memories, Registers, Cache Memory, Primary memory, RAM, ROM, Secondary Memories - Hard disk, Structure of a hard disk, concept of tracks, sectors, clusters, cylinders. Software: System Software - Operating System - Functions of O/S, Types of O/S, Program Language Translators, Assembler, Compiler, Interpreter, Utility Programs, Application Software, Computer Languages - Machine language, . Assembly language, High-level language, Data storage: The decimal number system, the binary number system, hexadecimal notation, octal number system. Conversion from one number system to another number system, Codes, ASCII, BCD etc. Arithmetic Operation for Binary Numbers. Representation of numbers in 1's and 2's Complement method. Subtraction using 1's and 2's Complement method.

#### **Unit V:**

**Computer Basics – II: Data Manipulation:** Logical Operations: AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EX-OR, EX-NOR. Logic gates with the truth table, Universal Gates, Representation of function using gates.

Boolean Algebra & Logical Gates- Basic Definitions Boolean Algebra, Theorems of Boolean Algebra. Boolean Functions. Simplification of Boolean Function- Karnaugh Map Method 3 variable, 4 variable, 5 variable Map. Sum Of Product Product of Sum, Don't care Combinational Circuits-Design Procedure Adders. Sequential Circuits - Flip-flops.

## **Text Books/References:**

- 1. Food Science, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed, 1997, B. Srilakshmi, New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. N.N. Potter CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 5th Ed, 1996 Food Science.
- 3. Food Processing and Preservation by B. Sivasankar

## **CEM 195: Inorganic Chemistry (Practical)** 8 weeks

## 1. Quantitative analysis

- 1A. Gravimetric estimation of Zn(II) as Zn(NH<sub>4</sub>)(PO<sub>4</sub>)
- 1B. Gravimetric estimation of Cu(II) as CuSCN
- 1C. Gravimetric estimation of Ni(II) as Ni(DMGH)<sub>2</sub>
- 1D. Gravimetric estimation of Ba(II) as BaSO<sub>4</sub>
- 1E. Gravimetric estimation of Pb(II) as (Pb)<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- 1F. Volumetric estimation of Mn(II)/Fe(III)
- 1G. Volumetric estimation of Cr(VI)/ Fe(III)
- 1H. Volumetric estimation of Cu(II)/ Fe(III)
- 1I. Volumetric estimation of Cu(II)/Cr(VI)

#### 2. Analysis of Metals and Alloys

- 2A. Quantitative estimation of Zn(II) and Cu(II) in brass sample by volumetry and gravimetry
- 2B. Quantitative estimation of iron in cast iron and steel.

## 3. Analysis of Ores and Minerals

- 3A. Quantitative estimation of manganese in pyrolusite
- 3B. Quantitative estimation of CaCO<sub>3</sub> and CaCO<sub>3</sub> in dolomite

#### 4. Equilibrium studies on inorganic reactions

- 4A. Determination of composition of Fe(III)-sulfosalicylate complex in solution by Mole-Ratio method.
- 4B. Determination of composition of Fe(II)-1,10-phenanthroline complex in solution by Mole-Ratio method.
- 4C. Determination of composition of Fe(III)-sulfosalicylate complex in solution by Slope-Ratio method
- 4D. Determination of composition of Fe(II)-1,10-phenanthroline complex in solution by Slope-Ratio method.
- 4E. Determination of composition of Fe(III)-sulfosalicylate complex in solution by Job's method of continuous variation.

4F. Determination of composition of Fe(II)-1,10-phenanthroline complex in solution by Job's method of continuous variation.

## 5. Spectrophotometric Estimation

- 5A. Colourimetric estimation of Fe(III) (as thiocyanate complex)
- 5B. Colourimetric estimation of Fe(II) and Fe(III) in a mixture as Fe(II)-1,10-phenanthroline complex.

## 6. Synthesis and Characterization of inorganic compounds

- 6A. Reinkey's salt
- 6B. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>3</sub>
- 6C.  $[Cu(NH_3)_4(SO_4)(H_2O)]$
- 6D. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub>Cl]Cl<sub>2</sub>
- 6E.  $[Ni(en)_2]Cl_2$
- 6F.  $K_3[Fe(ox)_3]$
- 6G.  $K_3[Cr(ox)_3]$
- 6H. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>3</sub>
- 6I.  $[Cu(NH_3)_4(SO_4)(H_2O)]$
- 6J. Crome alum  $[K_2SO_4, Cr_2(SO_4)_3, 24H_2O]$

## **CEM 196: FOOD PROCESSING, PRESERVATION & PACKAGING LAB (Practical) (8 weeks)**

Full Marks: 50

#### **EXPERIMENTS**

- I: Preparation of jams, jellies, syrups, squashes
- II: Preparation of mixed fruit juices: Aloe vera mixed with lichi, mango, pine apple, water melon, etc.
- III: Estimation of Food Values (carbohydrate, fat, protein, vitamins) and Food Safety Test.
- IV: Preservation of processed food
- V: Packaging of processed and preserved food
- VI: Study of Rheology of Jam, Jelly and sauce
- VII: Value addition in food products

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Rahman, M.S. "Handbook of Food Preservation", Marcel Dekker, 1999.
- 2. Ranganna, S. "Handbook of Canning and Aseptic Packaging" Vol. I, II & III, Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.

**SEMESTER-II** 

**CEM 201: Physical Chemistry –II** Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit-1: Quantum Mechanics-II** 

Harmonic Oscillator (Wave function and Operator methods), Hydrogen atom Problem: Cartesian and Polar coordinates. Centre of Mass and relative coordinate, Spherical harmonics. Real and complex orbital, Role

of constant of motion.

Approximate method: Variational principle

**Unit-2: Chemical Kinetics-I** 

Kinetics of Fast reactions: flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis. Oscillatory reactions:

Observation and mechanism. Autocatalytic reaction.

Kinetics of redox reaction: inner sphere and outer sphere mechanism.

Reactions between ions: influence of solvent dielectric constant (double sphere model), single sphere

activated complex model, influence of ionic strength, Enzyme catalysis and Enzyme inhibition

(Competitive inhibition, Uncompetitive inhibition, mixed inhibition)

**Unit-3: Electrochemistry** 

Debye Huckel theory, its modifications and extensions, mean ionic activity co-efficients, ion association, and precise determination of dissociation constants of weak electrolytes by method of emf and

conductance measurements, ion-solvent interaction and solvation number. Non stationary processes in

electrolytic solutions, Onsager conductance equation, effect of high electric field and frequency on ion

conductance.

**Unit-4: Molecular Spectroscopy-II** 

Raman Spectroscopy: Introduction. Classical Theory of Raman Scattering, Q.M Picture of Raman

Scattering, Characteristic parameters of Raman lines, Pure Rotation and Vibrational Raman spectra, Basic

Principles of a Raman spectrometer, Application of Raman Spectroscopy.

Electronic Spectroscopy: Fluorescence, Phosphorescence and nonradiative processes.

**Unit-5: Surface Chemistry** 

Curved surfaces: Young-Laplace and Kelvin equations

Adsorption on solids: BET eqn. Micelles, reverse micelles; micellization equilibrium; thermodynamics of

micellization: micro and macro emulsions.

CEM 202: Organic Chemistry - II Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

#### **Unit - 01**

## Pericyclic reaction I:

Perturbation molecular orbital theory (PMO), energy diagram of ethylene and butadiene system with different substitutions and study of their cycloaddition reactions, orbital coefficient and diagram of polyene systems with various substitutions. Regioselectivity, Periselectivity and Site selectivity, secondary interactions in pericyclic reactions, cheletropic reactions. Problems relating to these reactions.

#### Unit-02

## Organic transformations/ Reagent Chemistry/Synthesis-II:

Oxidations reactions: Hydroxylation reagents, use of peroxy acids, Woodward prevost hydroxylation, Sharpness asymmetric expoxidation, AD-mix, Transformation of expoxides. Organophosphorus reagents, organo sulfer reagents, organo boranes, organo silanes, organostannanes, metal hydrides, Birch reduction, Bayer Villiger reactions, chichibabin reaction, Merrifield resin: solid phase synthesis.

Retro synthetic analysis: disconnection approach. Examples to illustrate disconnection approach in organic synthesis.

#### Unit 03

Retro synthetic analysis-II: disconnection approach. Examples to illustrate disconnection approach in organic synthesis.

## Unit 04

#### **Stereochemistry I:**

Different projection formulae and their interconversions. Conformational and configurational enantiomers. Stereochemical nomenclatures: (E, Z), chiral centre, chiral axis, chiral plane, helicity, threoerythro, pref-parf, chiral simplex. Stereogencity and chirotopicity. Symmetry and molecular chirality. Stereochemical features: cyclohexane and its derivatives conformation and physical properties. Computation of stereoisomers of different systems. Conformation and relative reactivity of diastereomers. 2-, 3-, and 4- Alkyle ketone effects.

#### Unit 05

## **Stereochemistry II:**

Prochirality and Prostereoisomerism. Topicity and Reactivity. A symmetric synthesis: Addition of a chiral reagents to chiral ketones and aldehydes, models of stereochemical control: Cram, Felkin and Karabatsos. Atropisomerism Molecular rearrangements with Neighbouring group participations. Stereospecific and stereoselective reactions. Sharpless expoxidation.

CEM 203: Inorganic Chemistry - II Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

## Unit: 1: Organometallic chemistry –I

Application of 18-electron and 16-electron rules to transition metal organometallic complexes, Ligands in organometallic chemistry; Synthesis, bonding and reactivity of Metal-alkyl, -alkene, -alkyne, -allyl, -carbene, -carbyne and -carbide complexes, Agostic interaction, Stereochemical non-rigidity and fluxional behaviour of organometallic compounds with typical examples.

## **Unit: 2: Group theory-II**

Character tables ( $C_{2v}$ ,  $C_{3v}$ ,  $C_{4v}$ ,  $D_4$ ), representation for cyclic groups, wave functions as bases for Irreducible Representations, the standard reduction formula; the direct product representation and its decomposition, identifying nonzero matrix elements, spectral transition probabilities, allowedness - forbiddenness of  $n-\pi^*$  and  $\pi-\pi^*$  transitions, symmetry of normal modes, normal mode analysis, selection rules for IR and Raman transitions. Projection operator (without derivation), use of the projection operator to form symmetry adapted linear combination (SALC) of simple system.

## Unit: 3: Chemistry of p and d-block elements

Boron cluster classification, skeletal electron counting. Boron hydrides: boranes, structure, bonding (MO description of  $B_2H_6$  and  $B_2H_6^{2-}$ ) and Lipscomb's topology, 'styx' system of numbering, nomenclature; carboranes, metalloboranes, metallocarboranes-synthesis and structure; Wade's rules, boron compounds of potential medicinal interest; boron neutron capture theory (BNCT).

Chemistry of Ti -Zr- Hf, V-Nb-Ta, Cr-Mo- W, Mn-Tc-Re, Ru-Rh-Pd, Os-Ir-Pt with reference to electronic configuration, oxidation states, coordination number, aqueous chemistry, redox behavior. Iso-and heteropolyoxometalates with respect of V, Mo and W: synthesis, reactions, structures, uses. Dinitrogen and dioxygen complexes: synthesis, structure, bonding and reactivity. Bonding and properties of molybdenum blue, tungsten blue, ruthenium blue, platinum blue, tungsten bronze, ruthenium red. Creutz-Taube complex, Vaska's complex. Nb, Ta halide clusters. Electronic configuration, oxidation state and comparative study Stabilization of uncommon oxidation states of transition metals by complex formation -Fe(IV), Co(IV), Ni(III), Ru(IV), Os(IV), Pd(III / IV), Pt(III), synthesis and structures.

CEM 204: Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices (Elective Course) Marks: 50 Credits: 4
Classes: 45L

#### Unit I:

**Introduction**: Bulk vs. Nano, Geometric structure, Magic numbers, co-ordination number of small clusters.

#### Unit II:

**Synthesis of Nanomaterials**: Physical methods, Chemical methods, Biological methods. **Properties of Nanomaterials**: Mechanical properties, structural properties, melting of nanoparticles, electrical conductivity, optical properties, magnetic properties.

#### **Unit III:**

## Analysis techniques:

Microscopes: Optical microscopes, Electron microscopes, Scanning electron microscope, Transmission electron microscope, Scanning probe microscope, Scanning tunneling microscope, Atomic force microscope, XRD, Spectroscopies: UV-VIS-NIR, Infrared (FTIR), Photo luminescence, XPS (X-ray photo electron spectroscopy), Anger electron spectroscopy.

## **Unit IV:**

## **Application of Nanotechnology:**

Electronics, Energy, Automobiles, Sports and Toys, Textiles, Cosmetics, Domestic applications, Biotechnology and medical field, space and Defense, Nanotechnology and environment.

CEM 295: Organic Chemistry Practical Marks: 50 Credits: 4

## 1. Liquid Sample

Qualitative analysis (color, odour, solubility etc.); *Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC, preparation of TLC plates, analysis)*, boiling point determination, *Assign <sup>1</sup>H-NMR*, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra, Identify the liquid substance.

[15]

#### 2. Extraction of Renewable chemicals

Take a particular part of a plant such as fruit, leaf, bark, heavy wood, etc. Weight it. Extract with a particular solvent. Remove the volatiles. Purify. Weigh the product. Calculate % yield, Analyze the product by Thin Layer Chromatography, calculate  $R_f$  value. UV-VIS spectral characterizations: Measure  $\lambda_{max}$ ,  $\epsilon_{max}$  and explain. Submit the product with proper label.

[15]

<u>OR</u>

## 2. Preparation

Preparation of pure organic compound single-step or two step procedure and submission of crystallized product: Table Preparation; Weigh the compound, calculate theoretical yield, prepare the compound, weigh the product, calculate % yield, crystallize, check M.P., submit crystallized product.

#### 3. Sessional Work

To be awarded by the class teacher on the basis performance of the students during the course work.

[10]

## 4. Viva Voce

To be jointly conducted by the external and internal examiners during the examination.

[10]

## CEM 296: Physical Chemistry Practical Marks: 50 Credits: 4 (One day examination - duration 6 hours, Full Marks = 50)

## 1. List of Experiments:

- 1. Kinetics of Inversion of Cane-sugar by Polarimeter /
- 2. Determination of concentration of Glucose-fructose in a mixture using polarimeter
- 3. Conductometric determination of concentrations of KCl, HCl and NH4Cl in a mixture.
- 4. Verify the Onsagar equation using KCl,  $K_2SO_4$  and  $BaCl_2$  as electrolytes and determine their  $\Lambda_0$  values.
- 5. Determination of CMC of a surfactant in aqueous solution by conductometric method.
- 6. Potentiometric titration of halide mixture (Chloride, Bromide and Iodide).
- 7. Determine the E0 value of Ag+/Ag electrode and activity coefficients of different aqueous AgNO3 solutions potentiometrically.
- 8. Determine the standard potential of \*Fe(CN)6+3-/ \*Fe(CN)6+4- electrode by potentiometer.
- 9. Determine the dissociation constants (K1, K2, and K3) of H3PO4 by pH meter.
- 10. Study the kinetics of Iodination of acetone spectrophotometrically.
- 11. Determination of composition of complexes (Ferric-salicylate complex/Ferrous-orthophenanthroline complex) by Job's method.
- 12. Determine the rate constant and the order of the reaction of KBrO3 & KI in acid medium.
- 13. Determine the order and rate constant of the reaction between K2S2O8 & KI and study the influence of ionic strength on the rate constant.
- 14. Study of the kinetic of alkaline hydrolysis of crystal violet. Determine the order with respect to alkali and salt effect on the system.
- 14. Spectroscopic experiments relating to quenching of fluorescence
- 15. Experiment for the measurements of activation barrier of some model chemical reactions

#### 2. Sessional Work:

To be awarded by the class teacher on the basis performance of the students during the practical classes.

#### 3. Viva Voce:

To be jointly conducted by the external and internal examiners during the examination.

10

## **SEMESTER-III**

CEM 301: Advanced Spectroscopy-I (Common Paper: Physical/Inorganic/Organic)

Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

Unit: 1

## **Photophysical processes:**

Photophysical processes of unimolecular processes, Delayed fluorescence, Kinetics of bimolecular processes: collision quenching, Stern-Volmer equation, Concentration dependence of quenching and excimer formation, Excited state electron transfer processes: Exciplex, Twisted intramolecular charge transfer processes, proton couple electron transfer processes (both intra and intermolecular).

Unit: 2

## Laser and its applications:

General feature and properties of LASER, Method of obtaining population inversion, Laser cavity modes, Q-switching, Mode locking, Example of LASER: Ruby laser, Nd-YAG laser, diode laser, He-Ne laser, N<sub>2</sub> laser, Ar laser, excimer and exciplex laser, Dye laser.

Unit: 3

## **EPR** spectroscopy

Principle, spin Hamiltonian (comparison to NMR spectra), energy of spinning electron in a magnetic field, EPR-instrumentation, representation of EPR spectrum, X-band and Q-band spectra, line width, hyperfine splitting, magnetically equivalent and nonequivalent sets of nuclei, g-anisotropy, spectra of simple organic free radicals: expected number of lines, intensities. Spectra of transition metal complexes, metal hyperfine anisotropic spectra, zero-field splitting, application: determination of oxidation state of metal ion in samples.

Unit: 4

## PES and NQR spectroscopy

Photoelectron spectroscopy: Photoexcitation and photoionization, core level (XPS, ESCA) and valence level (UPS) photoelectron spectroscopy, XPS and UPS experiments, chemical shift, detection of atoms in molecules and differentiation of same elements in different environments form XPS, information about the nature of molecular orbitals from UPS, UPS of simple diatomic molecules e.g.  $N_2$ ,  $O_2$ , CO, HCl etc. Principle of NQR, nuclear quadrupole coupling constant, structural information from NQR spectra.

CEM 302: Advanced Physical Chemistry-I (Physical Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

**Unit-1: Matrix mechanics:** 

Basis and representations, Elementary matrix properties, Unitary and similarity transformation in

quantum mechanics, Energy representations, angular momentum matrices, the pauli spin

matrices. Matrix eigen value problem. Linear variational principle and matrix.

**Unit-2: Stationary perturbation theory** 

Perturbation theory: Derivation of time independent non-degenerate perturbation equations, first

order non-degenerate and degenerate perturbation theory, Applications: anharmonic oscillator,

non rigid rotator, He atom, Stark effect, Zeeman effect

**Unit-3: Semiclasical treatment of radiation-matter interaction** 

Theoretical basis of interaction of radiation with matter: time dependent perturbation theory,

Harmonic perturbation and transition probabilities, Einstein's A& B co-efficient, LASER and

**MASER** 

**Unit-4: Semiempirical methods of Quantum Chemistry:** 

The Hückel Molecular orbital Theory: Mathematical formalism of Hückel theory, Hückel MO's

and orbital of 1,3-Butadine, Nodal properties of the  $\pi$ -MO of butadiene, Alternate and non-

alternate conjugated hydrocarbons, Analytical expression for Hückel MO's and orbital energies

in linear and cyclic polyenes. Delocalization energy, excitation energy and Ionization energy of

conjugated hydrocarbons, charge density, Bond order and free valence index derived from

Hückel MO's.

**Unit-5: Group Theory and Quantum Mechanics:** 

Quantum mechanics and group representation theory, Direct product representation,

Vanishing of quantum mechanical integral, Transition probability, Selection Rules, Projection

operation, symmetry adapted linear combination of atomic orbitals. Application of group

theory to molecular vibrations, Normal modes, Vibrational transitions, IR and Raman Spectra

and Selection rule, Application of group theory to Ligand and crystal field theory, Symmetry

and chemical reactions; Woodward -Hoffmann Rule.

CEM 302: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-I (Inorganic Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

Unit: 1

Organometallic chemistry -II and catalysis

Chemistry of transition metal complexes with cyclic polyenes: 3-6 membered ring systems. Sandwitch and non sandwitch complexes. Organometallic chemistry of heterocycle ligands (N,B,O). Multidecker sandwitch complexes. Bioorganometallic chemistry, Organometallic polymers, Main group organometallic

chemistry.

Terminology in catalysis: TO, TON, TOF. Unique reactions in organometallic chemistry and catalysis: Coordinative unsaturation, Substitution, Oxidative addition, Insertion (migration), Isomerization, Reductive elimination; Catalytic converters; Alkene hydrogenation, Water gas shift reaction, Fischer Tropsch process. Hydroformylation (Oxo process), Carbonylation of olefins, Monsanto's acetic acid

synthesis, Wacker oxidation (Pd-catalysed), Polymerization of olefins, Ziegler-Natta catalyst.

Unit: 2

Chemical applications of group theory

Splitting of orbitals and free ion terms in weak crystal fields, symmetries and multiplicities of energy levels in strong crystal fields, correlation diagram, Orgel diagram, Tanabe-Sugano diagrams, Effect of lowering of symmetry on the orbitals and energy levels, correlation table. Vanishing of quantum mechanical integral, transition probability, selection rules. Justification of Laporte selection rule, vibronic coupling and vibronic polarization, polarization of electronically allowed transitions.

Symmetry adapted linear combination of atomic orbitals, construction of  $\square$  MO for different system; LCAO-MO approximations Huckel theory for conjugated system. Symmetry of hybrid orbitals. Determine the symmetry and combinations of Ligand group Orbitals (LGO) and metal orbitals in octahedral, square planar, tetrahedral and other ligand environments using of projection operator. Construction of qualitative MO energy level and interaction diagram on the basis of symmetry considerations only. Drawing of LGO and MO diagrams. Application to IR and Raman spectra. Symmetry and chemical reactions; Woodward-Hoffmann rule.

CEM 302: Advanced Organic Chemistry-I (Organic Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

**Unit-01: Pericyclic reaction III:** 

Pericyclic reactions and applications of MO theory to Organic Chemistry: Electrocyclic reactions, Sigmatropic rearrangement, cycloaddition and cycloreversion reactions, cheletropic reactions, ene

reaction.

Frontier Molecular Orbital theory, concept of aromaticity of Transition States, orbital correlation

diagrams, Huckel MO theory- MO's of chains and rings alternants and nonalternants.

Unit 02: Linear Free Energy Relationship-I

Linear Free Energy Relationship: Quantitative correlations of rate and equilibria. Linear free

energy relationships with special reference to Hammett, Taft, Yukawa-Tauno and Grunwald-Weinstein

equations.

**Unit-03: Linear Free Energy Relationship-II** 

Application of Linear Free Energy Relationship to aromatic, aliphatic, polynuclear and hetero-

aromatic systems. Multiparameter correlation reactions (elementary ideas). Electrophilic substitutions in

aliphatic systems (SE1 and SE2 reactions).

**Unit-04: Organometallic Chemistry** 

Preparation and reactions of pi-complexes, heptonumbers, rules for nucleophilic addition to

complexes, applications to typical synthesis. use of transition metals : organometallics in organic

synthesis.

CEM 303: Advanced Physical Chemistry-II (Physical Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

Unit-1: Solid state chemistry- I

Electrical conductivity of metals; free electron theory of metals (classical and quantum theory),

X-ray diffraction, Laue's diffraction, atomic scattering factor and geometrical structure factor,

Hall effect, Lattice vibration: phonon and exciton, superconductors.

Unit-2: Solid state chemistry- II

Defects in solids: Point, line and plane defects. Determination of equilibrium concentration of

schottky defect and Frenkel defects, stoichiometric imbalance in crystals. Band theory: band gap,

metal, insulators, semiconductors (intrinsic and extrinsic), hopping semiconductors; rectifiers

and transistors.

**Unit-3: Statistical mechanics-II** 

Concept of ensemble and phase space, ergodic hypothesis, Liouville's theorem, Concept of

different ensembles, microcanonical ensembles: partition function, temperature, Cannonical

ensemble, distribution, probability and partition function. Partition function and different

thermodynamic state functions. Black body radiation.

**Unit-4: Statistical mechanics III** 

Principle of equipartition of energy, chemically equilibrium system of interacting particles,

imperfect gas. Grand canonical ensemble: nature of quantum particle, Bose- Einstein and

Fermi-Dirac statistics, specific heat of electron gas, Bose-Einstein condensation, quantum

statistics, density matrix.

**Unit-5: Non-equilibrium thermodynamics** 

Characterization of non-equilibrium states: entropy production rate; Onsager reciprocal relations,

principle of microscopic reversibility and detailed balancing, thermonuclear pressure difference

and thermonuclear effect, cyclic and oscillatory reactions, non-linear region, higher order

symmetries.

CEM 303: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-II (Inorganic Spl.) Marks: 50 Credit:4

Classes: 45L

Unit: 1: Bioinorganic chemistry-II

Electron transfer (redox) enzyme: Catalase Peroxidase, Cytochrome  $P_{450}$ , Super oxide dismutase, Ascorbate oxidase. Molybdenum containing enzymes: Nitrate reductase, Xanthine oxidase, Sulphate oxidase. Vanadium containing protein: Amavadin, Vanadium bromo peroxidase. Vitamin  $B_{12}$ , Chlorophil (Photosystem). Metal ions in genetic information transfer: Replication, transcription and translation process. Interaction of metal ions with nucleic acids and their monomeric constituents-metal complexes of nucleosides and nucleotide.

**Unit: 2: Inorganic photochemistry** 

Introduction to inorganic photochemistry, photophysical and photochemical process, characteristics of the electronically excited states of inorganic compounds, ligand field states, charge transfer states, Frank Condon (FC) states, THEXI and DOSENCO states, kinetics of photochemical process, photosensitization. Transition probabilities, Transition moment integral and its applications. Selections rules. Jablonski diagram, Fluorescence and phosphorescence, delayed fluorescence, quantum yield, mechanism and decay kinetics of photophysical processes. Fluorescence quenching (dynamic and static), Stern-Volmer equation. Photochromism; chemical actinometry, photochemical reaction of coordination compounds. Photochemical splitting of water, photochemical conversion and storage of solar energy, organometallic photochemistry.

CEM 303: Advanced Organic Chemistry-II (Organic Spl.) Marks: 50 Credit:4

Classes: 45L

Unit-01: Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-I

Crown ethers: discovery, nomenclature, synthesis, properties and applications.

Cryptands: structures and applications. molecular recognition: definition, examples of molecular

recognition utilizing H-bonding, electrostatic, solvophobic, pi-pi interaction, etc., application of

molecular recognition. H-bonding in molecular organization, chiral recognition, Introduction to

molecular mechanics calculation and its use in the design of molecular receptors.

Unit-02: Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-II

Cyclodextrins: Structure, property, applications. Enzymes: enzyme kinetics, mechanism;

application of enzymes in organic synthesis, model enzymes based on cyclodextrins.

Unit 03: Bioorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry-III

Self-assembling systems: micelles, reverse micelles; vesicles, fibers and tubules;

amphiphiles, bola-amphiphiles, Self-replication. Gels: definition, classification, examples, study

of the morphology and rheology of gels, applications Chemical sensors. Photo-responsive

systems, Dye sensitized solar cell, Liquid Crystals, Molecular Electronic devices, organic

conductors.

**Unit-04: Peptides and Nucleic acids** 

Peptides and Proteins: Structure and Functions; α-helix, β-pleated sheet, β-turn, 3.10

helix, Ramachandran plot. Nucleic acids: Structure and functions; replication of nucleic acids.

**Unit-05: Green Chemistry** 

The current status of chemistry and the environment. What is green chemistry? How

Green and Renewables are related to sustainabilty. Principles, methodologies and techniques in

Green Chemistry. Synthesis in aqueous media, Catalytic methods in synthesis, Examples of

green chemistry. Future trends in green chemistry. Unconventional energy sources in synthesis:

solar energy.

## C-CEM 304: Pharmaceutical Chemistry (CBCS) Marks: 50 Credit: 4 Classes: 45L

## 1. Introduction of Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Important aspects of pharmaceutical chemistry, importance of chemistry in pharmaceuticals, some important terms used in chemistry of drugs, pharmacopeia.

## 2. Classification and nomenclatures of drugs

Classification of drugs and their nomenclature.

## 3. Theory of drug action and factors affecting the drugs

Theory of drug action and structure activity relation, drug receptors: isolation, modification and localization, theories related to drug action.

## 4. Types of drugs

- A. Hyponotics and sedative drugs, Anticonvulsivant and analgesic drugs, general anaesthetics and local anaesthetics, expectorant, psychoactive and nervous system stimulant drugs, antiperkinson, antihistamine, anti-inflammatory and antipyretic drugs.
- B. Antiamoebic, antifungal and antiviral drugs, antineoplastic agents, disinfectant and antiseptic, thyroid hormones and antithyroid drugs, Vitamins, sulfonamides and antibiotics.

## 5. Antimalarial drugs

Malaria parasite and its life cycle, chemotherapy of malaria using antimalarial drugs.

CEM 395: Project (Physical/Inorganic Spl.) Full Marks = 100 Credits: 8
Duration: 16 Week

## **Unit 01:**

Visit to an Industry and submission of a Work-Report (approximately 10 pages) on the Industry Visit **OR Review** in an area of contemporary interest: Topic to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge and a Review-Report (approximately 10 pages) has to be submitted.

[20]

## **Unit 02:**

**Research** problem has to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge. The work has to be carried out under the supervision of the Incharge and Research Report of approximately 25 pages has to be submitted.

[60]

## <u>Unit 03</u>

**Seminar Lecture** has to be delivered on the total work carried out. It will involve Power Point Presentation (Industry visit: 2 slides/ Review: 2 slides, Research work: 5 slides; total presentation time = 10 minutes (max.)).

[20]

## CEM 395: Project (Organic Spl.) Full Marks = 100 Credits: 8 Duration: 16 Week

## Review work / Industry Visit / Field work:

**Review** in an area of contemporary interest: Topic to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge and a Review-Report (approximately 10 pages) has to be submitted.

#### OR

**Industry Visit:** 

It will involve visit to an **Industry** and submission of a Work-Report (approximately 10 pages) on the Industry Visit

#### OR

Field Work, Sample Collection and submission of a Work-Report (approximately 10 pages) on the Field Work.

[30]

## **Research Work:**

## **Unit 01:**

**Research** problem has to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge. The work has to be carried out under the supervision of the Incharge and Research Report of approximately 25 pages has to be submitted.

[50]

## <u>Unit 02</u>

**Seminar Lecture** has to be delivered on the total work carried out. It will involve Power Point Presentation (Industry visit: 2 slides, Review: 2 slides, Research work: 5 slides; total presentation time = 10 minutes (max.)).

[20]

## **SEMESTER-IV**

CEM 401: Advanced Spectroscopy-II (Common Paper: Physical/Inorganic/Organic)

Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Spectroscopy for Structure Elucidation** 

## Unit-01

Detailed study of <sup>1</sup>H NMR and preliminary aspects of <sup>13</sup>C NMR, CW and FT techniques. Ring current: Aromaticity, Antiaromaticity, Homoaromaticity, Annulene systems.

## Unit-02

NMR spectroscopy: Principles, Relaxation phenomenon, factors influencing chemical shifts and coupling constants, simplification of complex spectrum, NOE, Rotating frame of reference.

#### Unit-03

Mass-spectrometry combined applications of spectroscopical methods to organic molecules : Principles of Mass spectrometry, Different techniques, fragmentation modes.

## Unit-04

Combined application of spectroscopic techniques (UV, IR, NMR, MS) in elucidation of structure and study of reactions of organic compounds.

#### **Unit 05:**

CD ORD and Mossbauer Spectroscopy

CEM 402: Advanced Physical Chemistry-III (Physical Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

**Unit-1: Quantum mechanics of many electron systems-I:** 

Identical particle and Pauli's Antisymmetry principle, Slater determinant for system with more than two electrons, Eigen functions of many electron spin operator: Pure spin states, Energy expectation value of pure spin states; Orbitals in many electron atoms: The Hartree-Fock Theory, Koopman's theorem, The Hatree-Fock-Roothaan method for closed cell systems, Roothaan

**Unit-2: Atomic Spectroscopy:** 

equation, Brillouin's theorem.

Ground state electronic configuration of elements, Spectroscopic term symbol: LS coupling scheme, j-j coupling scheme, Electronic spectrum of many electron atoms, Zeeman Effect in many electron atoms, Electron correlation and method of configuration interaction.

**Unit-3: QM of diatomic molecules:** 

Born – Oppenheimer approximation, Solution of electronic Schrodinger equation for molecules, Valence bond method, The molecular orbital theory, MO term symbols, Comparison of MO and VB theory.

**Unit-4: QM of many electron system-II:** 

Basis sets for the molecular orbital calculations of polyatomic molecules, Configuration interaction. Density function theory; global reactivity descriptors: polarizability, chemical hardness, Electrophilicity; Local reactivity descriptors: Fukui functions. Calculations of polyatomic molecules, Illustrative examples of Ab initio HF and Post HF calculations, Atomic charge and bonding Indices in polyatomic molecules.

**Unit-5: Applications of perturbation theory:** 

The Hellmann-Feynman theorem, Electrical responsive properties, perturbation treatment to, NMR spectroscopy: A-X, A2 Spin system, more than two spin system; ESR spectroscopy: total magnetic Hamiltonian of an electron, magnetic interaction in atoms, application of perturbation theory on the splitting of ESR lines on some model system.

CEM 402: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-III (Inorganic Spl.) Marks: 50

Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit: 1: Magnetochemistry** 

Magnetic properties of substances, orbital and spin angular momentum of electrons,

paramagnetic moment and magnetic susceptibility. Paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials,

ferromagnetism, ferrimagnetism, antiferromagnetism, magnetic permeability, magnetic

susceptibility, magnetization, classical theory of diamagnetism (Langevin's theory), classical

theory of paramagnetism (Langevin's theory), diamagnetism and Pascal's constants, zero-field

splitting, spin-orbit coupling.

Magnetic properties and temperature – The curie and Curie-Weiss law, derivation of

Curie law. Microstates, hole formalism, multiplet, multiplet width, Lande interval rule. ,

magnetic moments for different multiplet widths, crystal field diagram, quenching of orbital

contribution, high spin/low spin equilibrium. Antiferromagnetic interactions in inorganic

compounds: Mechanism like – direct interaction, superexchange interactions and elucidation

with poly nuclear metal complexes as well as oxide and halide salts of transition metals.

Magnetic behaviour of lanthanides and actinides.

**Unit: 2: Metal carbonyls and clusters** 

Metal carbonyls: Synthesis, structure and reactivity. Low nuclearity (M<sub>3</sub>-M<sub>4</sub>) and high nuclearity

(M<sub>5</sub>-M<sub>10</sub>) carbonyl clusters. Metal-metal bonding(MO), skeletal electron counting. Wade-

Mingos-Lauher rule, isolobal analogy. Halide clusters of Nb, Ta, Mo, W, Re. Synthesis, structure

and bonding. Interstitial Clusters-hydrides, carbides and nitrides. Metal-metal multiple bond.

Examples, synthesis, structures and bonding(MO). Electronic transition.

CEM 402: Advanced Organic Chemistry-III (Organic Spl.) Marks: 50

Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit-01: Organic Photochemistry-I** 

Organic Photochemistry: Fundamental concepts, Jablonski diagram,

Photochemistry of organic compounds, Norrish type- I and type II processes, Patterno

Buchi reaction, Barton reaction, addition reaction, oxidation reaction.

**Unit-02: Organic Photochemistry-II** 

Photochemical reduction, substitution reaction, cis-trans isomerism,

photochemistry of butadiene, di-pi methane rearrangement and related processes.

**Unit-03: Biological Active Molecules** 

Antibiotics, Penicillin, Cephalosporin, streptomycin, Structure, Synthesis and

biological activity to bacteria.

**Unit-04: Vitamins and co-enzymes** 

Vitamins A1, B1, C, K coenzymes, NAD, FAD and reactivity of different

Vitamin in biological reactions. Chemistry of nucleosides, nucleotides and ATP,

elementary structure and role of DNA and various types of RNA"s in protein

biosynthesis.

**Unit-05: Hetercycles** 

Heterocycles: Synthesis and Reactions: Generalized approach to the synthesis

of heterocycles possessing 5-,6-, and 7- membered rings with one or two heteroatoms

per ring. Reactions of heterocycles: oxidation and reduction reactions with

electrophiles, nucleophiles and other reactive intermediates with typical monocyclic

and fused ring systems as examples.

37

CEM 403: Advanced Physical Chemistry-IV (Physical Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4

Classes: 45L

**Unit-I: Chemicals Kinetics-II** 

Thermodynamics formulation of reaction rates, Potential energy surface, reaction co-ordinates

and reaction path, BEBO method. Absolute rate theory by using partition function; statistical

formulation of chemical kinetics, equilibrium formulation, derivation of expression for specific

rate, entropy of activation, volume of activation. Rates of chemisorptions, rates of desorption.

**Unit- II: Chemical Kinetics-III** 

Rate processes and some physical phenomena. Statistical approach to rate theory: Hinshelwood,

RRK and RRKM theories. Reaction in molecular beams and shockwaves. Application of

absolute reaction rate theory in viscosity. Diffusion controlled reaction (full and partial

microscopic diffusion controlled). Bimolecular surface reaction: reaction between two adsorbed

molecules, reaction between a gas molecule and an adsorbed molecule, inhibition, exchange

reactions. TST of surface reaction.

**Unit-III: Macromolecules:** 

Classification of polymers, kinetics of polymerization, Molecular weight of polymers, molecular

weight determination by viscosity, osmometry, light scattering, diffusion and ultracentrifugation

methods. Thermodynamics of polymer solutions. Polymer conformation.

**Unit-IV: Biopolymers** 

Structure of biomolecules i) Protein-building, peptide bonds, primary, secondary, tertiary,

quaternary structure. Phi-Psi map 2) Nucleic acids- A,B,Z conformations, t-RNA conformation,

carbohydrates and lipids biomembranes. a) SDS-PAGE (for proteins) b) agarose gel method (for

nucleic acids). Techniques to study biomolecules: CD, ORD, Flurescence, IR and Raman

spectroscopy.

Unit -V: Advanced electrochemistry

Overvoltage, polarography, amperometric titration, basic principles of cyclic voltammetry and

coulometry, polyelectrolyte. Mechanism of multi-step electrochemical reactions, hydrogen

overvoltage, thermodynamics of ideally polarized electrodes, structures of metal and

semiconductor-electrolyte junctions, fuel cell, photoelectrochemical cells.

38

CEM 403: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-IV(Inorganic Spl.) Marks: 50

Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit: 1: Inorganic reaction mechanism** 

Energy profile of reactions, discussion on general reactivity of metal complexes, inert and labile complexes, different types of mechanisms ('D', 'A', 'Ia' and 'Id'). Techniques for experimental measurements of reaction rates, techniques for fast reaction. Substitution reactions: Application of CFT, mechanism of ligand substitution in octahedral complexes, mechanism of isomerisation and racemisation, substitution reactions in square planar complexes. *Cis*- and

trans- effects.

Mechanism of redox reactions with reference to metal complexes. Electron transfer reactions – outer sphere and inner sphere, atom transfer, induced electron transfer reactions, two electron transfer reactions, complementary and non-complementary reactions, synthetic implications of electron transfer reactions, solid state electron transfer reactions. Electroprotic reactions. Twist mechanism of racemisation, inversion of configuration and associated process.

**Unit: 2: Analytical chemistry** 

Electroanalytical methods: Basic principles-polarised and depolarized electrodes; diffusion current, *dropping mercury electrode (DME), polarographic wave;* Ilkovic equation (simplified derivation) and its significance; half-wave potential and its applications in identification of elements. Ilkovic-Heyrovsky equation, Cottrell equation. Stripping voltammetry, amperometric titration. Modern developments in polarographic techniques: Lingane's method.

Cyclic voltametry and Coulometry: Basic principle, three electrode configuration. Solvents and supporting electrolytes. Representation of cyclic voltammogram, half wave potential, irreversible, reversible and quasi-reversible redox processes. Electron transfer at a constant potential, no. of electron transfer. Application in coordination chemistry (characterization, determination of redox potential), e.g. ferrocene, Co(II)/Co(III); Ni(II)/Ni(III); Cu(I)/Cu(II); Ru(II)(bpy)<sub>3</sub>

Thermal methods of analysis: Basic principles of Differential Thermal Analysis, Thermo Gravimetric Analysis. Application in coordination chemistry.

CEM 403: Advanced Organic Chemistry-IV (Organic Spl.) Marks: 50

Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit-01: Stereochemistry-III** 

Conformation and Chemical Reactivity: Curtin-Hammett principle, its derivation under

different conditions and applications; quantitative treatement of mobile systems, Winstein

Holress equation and Eliel equation - their applications;  $\Box\Box$ -Strain and  $\Box\Box$ -strain, allylic 1,2 -

and 1, 3-strain (in pseudoallylic systems also), their applications.

**Unit-02: Stereochemistry-IV** 

Fused ring systems, trans and cis declaims, conformation, steroid and nonsteroid

conformation, symmetry, torsion angle enthalphy, entropy, free energy, substituted declains q-

methyldecalins and 9,10 dimethyldecalins, decalones; conformation of cis-octalins and trans-

octalins.

Unit 03: Stereochemistry-V

Sterochemistry of 4-10 membered rings, transanular reactions; perhydrophenanthrenes

and perhydroanthracenesconformation, energy, symmetry and optical activity, relative stability,

sterochemistry of perhydrodiphenic acids and perhydrophenanthrenes, conformations of some

triterpenes.

**Unit- 04: Stereochemistry-VI** 

Modern concepts of nucleophilic addition to carbonyl compounds, Felkin model

(torsional strain) Burzi Dunitz trajectory, Cieplak model, examples.

**Unit- 05: Stereochemistry-VII** 

Optical rotation, specific and molecular rotations-their units, Brewster rule, Lowe's rule,

origin of optical rotation, circular birefrigence, optical rotatory dispersion (ORD) octant rule,

axial haloketone rule-application (octant projection diagrams); circular dichroism (CD)

differential dichronic absorption, specific ellipticity and molar ellipticity, applications of CD-

helicity rule, exciton chirality (dibenzoate chirality rule) Davydor splitting-applications with

different steroidal glycols.

40

CEM 404: Chemistry in Technology (Common Paper: Physical/Inorganic Spl.)

Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

**Unit 01:** 

**Biophysical Chemistry:** Structure and function of biomolecules: protein, nuclic acid, carbohydrates and lipids. Membrane structure, biomolecular complexes: protein-ligand, enzyme-substrate and drug-DNA. Examples, techniques for study of biomolecular structure and function.

**Unit 02**:

**Instrumental Analysis: Theory and Practices:** Electron Microscopy, atomic force microscopy, Polarizing optical microscopy, Circular dichroism, Calorimetry, Phase contrast microscope, dynamic light scattering, epi Fluorescence microscopy.

**Unit 03:** 

**Chemical Toxicology:** Toxic Chemicals in the environment, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of arsenic, cadmium, sulphur dioxide, ozone and PAN, Cyanide, pesticides, Carcinogens.

**Unit 04:** 

**Corrosion Technology:** Introduction, What is corrosion, Corrosion principles: Electrochemical and other aspects of corrosion, corrosion prevention.

# CEM 404: Chemical Principles in Food Science and Technology (Organic Spl.) Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Classes: 45L

#### **Unit 01:**

Storage and handling of fresh fruits and vegetables, pre and post harvest changes, thermal and osmotic dehydration of fruits and vegetables, canning and bottling, CAP and MAP storage, juice extraction and preparation of drinks, syrups, squashes, cordials, nectars, jam, jelly, marmalade, ketchup, pickles, chutneys, sauces, fruits juice concentrates and powders, fermented fruit and vegetable products,

#### **Unit 02:**

**Science and technology of dairy processing** Definition, composition of milk, Quality standards for milk, Pasteurization of milk; standardization, toning, homogenization and cream separation. Technology of dried whole milk, butter, ghee, margarine, condensed milk, fermented milk products, UHT milk, ice-cream, cheese (cheddar, cottage)

#### **Unit 03:**

**Science and technology of Cereal Processing** Production of milled rice, Parboiling and parboiled rice, wheat processing - classification of wheat; milling of wheat, dough mixing, types of dough and its rheology testing, production of wheat products such as bread, biscuits and cakes;

#### **Unit 04:**

Science and technology of Fats and Oils Processing Fats and Oils: Chemical composition, nutritional importance of dietary oils and fats, Effect of processing and storage on fats and oils (oxidative and hydrolytic rancidity), fat micelles, soap and detergency, essential fatty acids, extraction, physical and chemical refining of oils from oilseed such as mustard including winterization, bleaching and deodorization; Hydrogenation and catalysis. margarine, analytical techniques for fat and oil analysis (saponification number, acid number, iodine value, acetyl value, Reichert-Meissl number and Polenski value. Smoke, fire, flash point of oils).

#### **Unit 05:**

Quality control and Food Safety:—Quality definition of different food products according to food laws :especially FSSAI, PFA, FPO, Essential Commodities Act, 1955, BIS, AGMARK, Classifications and functions and safety limits of food additives such as preservatives, antioxidants, colors, emulsifiers, sweeteners, buffering salts, Voluntary quality standards and certification - GMP, HACCP, GAP, ISO 9000, ISO 14000, ISO 22000; Misbranding. Adulteration in oil, dairy items and spices.

#### **Text books/ References:**

- 1. Robinson RK; 1996; Modern Dairy Technology, Vol 1 & 2; Elsevier Applied Science Pub.
- 2. Developments in Dairy Chemistry Vol 1 & 2; Fox PF; Applied Science Pub Ltd.
- 3. Outlines of Dairy Chemistry, De S; Oxford.
- 4. Processing Fruits: Science and Technology, Vol. I, Biology Principles and Applications,
- L. Somogyi, Woodhead Publishing, 1st Edition, 1996.
- 5. Food oils and their uses; Weiss TJ;1983,AVI 6.Modern Technology in the Oils and Fats industry by S.C.Singhal, OTA(I)

CEM 495: Project (Physical/Inorganic Spl.) Full Marks = 100 Credits: 8

**Duration: 16 Week** 

# **Research Work (extension from Semester III):**

# **Unit 01:**

#### **Skill to Read Research Articles:**

A recent research article will be supplied and the students will have to answer some questions on the article.

[20]

# **Unit 02:**

**Research** problem has to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge. The work has to be carried out under the supervision of the Incharge and Research Report of approximately 25 pages has to be submitted.

[60]

# **Unit 03**

**Seminar Lecture** has to be delivered on the total work carried out. It will involve Power Point Presentation (Total number of slides = 10; total presentation time = 10 minutes (max.)).

[20]

CEM 495: Project (Organic Spl.) Full Marks = 100 Credits: 8 Duration: 16 Week

# Review work / Industry Visit / Field work:

**Review** in an area of contemporary interest: Topic to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge and a Review-Report (approximately 10 pages) has to be submitted.

#### OR

# **Industry Visit:**

It will involve visit to an **Industry** and submission of a Work-Report (approximately 10 pages) on the Industry Visit

# OR

Field Work, Sample Collection and submission of a Work-Report (approximately 10 pages) on the Field Work.

[30]

### **Research Work:**

# **Research Work (extension from Semester III):**

# **Unit 01:**

**Research** problem has to be finalized in consultation with the Incharge. The work has to be carried out under the supervision of the Incharge and Research Report of approximately 25 pages has to be submitted.

[50]

# Unit 02

**Seminar Lecture** has to be delivered on the total work carried out. It will involve Power Point Presentation (Industry visit: 2 slides, Review: 2 slides, Research work: 5 slides; total presentation time = 10 minutes (max.)).

[20]

# **Suggested Reading (Organic Chemistry):**

- 1. Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, Jagdamba Singh and Jaya Singh
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part-A, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundburg
- 3. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part-B, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundburg
- 4. March's Advanced Organic Chemistry, Michael B. Smith and Jerry March
- 5. Organic Chemistry, T.W. Graham, Solomons and Craig B. Fryhle
- 6. Organic Chemmistry, Paula Yurkanis Bruice
- 7. Green Chemistry, Paul T. Anantas and Tracy C. Williamson
- 8. Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice, Paul T. Anastas and John C. Warner
- 9. Molecular Gels: Materials with Self-Assembled Fibrillar Networks, Richard G. Weiss and P. Terech.
- 10. Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds, Robert M. Silverstein and Francis X. Webster
- 11. Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach, Stuart Warren
- 12. Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis: William Carruthers and Iain Coldham

# **Suggested Reading (Inorganic Chemistry):**

- 1. Chemical Application of Group Theory F.A. Cotton
- 2. Group Theory Robert L. Carter
- 3. Symmetry in Chemistry Jeffe & Archin
- 4. Symmetry in Molecules J. M. Hollar
- 5. Symmetry Orbitals & Spectra Jeffe & Archin
- 6. Physical Methods in Inorganic Chemistry R. S. Drago
- 7. Electron Spin Resonance Assculieien
- 8. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy C. W. Banwell
- 9. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy G. M. Barrow
- 10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry F. A. Cotton & G. Wilkinson
- 11. Inorganic Chemistry J. E. HUheey, E. A. Keiter & R. L. Keiter
- 12. Chemistry of The Elements N. N. Greenwood & A. Earnshaw
- 13. An Introduction to Inorganic Chemistry K. F. Puecell & J. C. Kotz
- 14. Concept and Model in Inorganic Chemistry Douglass, McDanniel & Alexander
- 15. Coordination Chemistry S. F. A. Kettle
- 16. Valence Theoru S. F. A. Kettle, J. N. Murral & S. Teddler

- 17. Valence C. A. Coulson
- 18. Theoretical Approach to Inorganic Chemistry A. F. Williams
- 19. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry M. C. Dey and I. Selbin
- 20. Introduction to Ligand Field Theory C. J. Ballhausen
- 21. Introduction to Ligand Field B. N. Figgis
- 22. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy A. B. P. Lever
- 23. Elements in Magnetochemistry R. L. Dutta and A. Shyamal
- 24. Organo Transition Metal Chemistry S. G. Davies
- 25. Principles and Application of Organotransition Metal Chemistry J. P. Collman, L. S. Hegedus, Borton & R. G. Finke
- 26. Organometallic Chemistry An Introduction R. C. Mahrotra & A. Singh
- 27. Principles of Organometallic Chemistry \_ G. E. Coats, H. L. H. Green, P.Powell & K. Wade
- 28. Basic Organomtallic Chemistry J. J. Zuckerman and I. Haiduc
- 29. The Organometallic Chemistry of Transition Metals R. H. Carbtree
- 30. Bioinorganic Chemistry R. W. Hay
- 31. Introduction to Bioinorganic Chemistry D.R. Williams
- 32. Elements of Bioinorganic Chemistry G. N. Mukherjee & A. Das
- 33. Inorganic Chemistry D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins & C. H. Langford
- 34. Instrumental Methods Analysis Williard, merit, Dean & Sett
- 35. Electroanalytical Techniques for Inorganic Chemistry J. B. Headri
- 36. Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry G. Wilkinson, R. A. Gillard & J. A. McCleverty (eds)
- 37. Inorganic Chemistry A. G. Sharpe
- 38. Inorganic Chemistry Modern Introduction
- 39. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry D. A. Skoog, D. M. West and F. J. Holler
- 40. Analytical Chemistry G. D. Christian
- 41. Analytical Chemistry, Principles J. H. Kennedy

#### **Practical (Inorganic):**

- 1. Spot Tests of Inorganic Analysis F. Feigel & V. Anger (translated by R. Oesper)
- 2. Macro and Semi Macro Qualitative Inorganic Analysis A. J. Vogel
- 3. Quantitative Inorganic Analysis G. Charlot & D. Bezier (translated by R. C. Murray)
- 4. Quantitative Chemical Analysis I. M. Kolthoff, E. B. Sandel, J. Meehan and S. Bruckenstei
- 5. Advanced Experiments in Inorganic Chemistry G. N. Mukkherjee.

# **Suggested Reading (Physical Chemistry):**

- 1. Elementary Quantum Chemistry F. I. Pilar
- 2. Quantum Chemistry I. N. Levine
- 3. Molecular Quantum Mechanics P. W. Atkins
- 4. Quantum Mechanics J. I. Powel, B. Crasemann
- 5. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics D. J. Griffiths
- 6. The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Vol. 3 R. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton, M. Sands
- 7. Chemical Applications of Group Theory F. A. Cotton
- 8. Group Theory and Chemistry D. M. Bishop
- 9. Coulson"s Valance R. McWeeny
- 10. Thermodynamics and an Introduction to Thermodynamics H. B. Callen
- 11. Theories of chemical reaction rates K. J. Laider
- 12. Theory of Rate Processes S. Glaasstone, K. J. Laidler, H. Eyring
- 13. Principles of Physical Biochemistry K. E. van Holde, C. Johnson, P. S. Ho
- 14. Modern Electrochmistry J. O"M. Bockris, A. K. N. Reddy
- 15. Physical Chemistry of Macromolecules C. Tanford
- 16. Polymer Chemistry P. J. Flory
- 17. Molecular Spectroscopy I. N. Levine
- 18. Molecular Spectroscopy J. D. Graybeal
- 19. Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy J. R. Lakowicz
- 20. Introduction to Magnetic Resonance A. Carrington, A. D. McLachlan
- 21. Statistical and Thermal Physics F. Reif
- 22. Statistical Mechanics D. A. McQuarrie
- 23. Statistical Mechanics S. K. Ma
- 24. Statistical Mechanics K. Huang
- 25. Statistical Mechanics R. K. Patharia
- 26. Statistical Mechanics B. B. Laud
- 27. Chemical Kinetics and Dynamics J. I. Steinfeld, J. S. Francisco, W. L. Hase
- 28. Molecular Reaction Dynamics R. D. Levine
- 29. Molecular Reaction Dynamics and Chemical Reactivity R. D. Levine, R. B. Bernstein
- 30. Introduction to Solid State Physics C. Kittel
- 31. Introduction to Solid State Theory O. Madelung
- 32. Solid State Physics A. J. Dekker
- 33. Molecular Modelling Principles and Application A. R. Leach
- 34. Genetic Algorithm in Search Optimization and Machine Learning-D.E. Goldberg
- 35. Computational Intelligence-A. Konar
- 36. Photodissociation Dynamics-R. Schinke

- 37. Modern Spectroscopy-J. M. Hollas
- 38. Symmetry and Spectroscopy-D. C. Harris, M. D. Bertolucci
- 39. Molecular Vibrations-E. B. Wilson Jr., J. C. Decius, P. C. Cross
- 40. Microwave Spectroscopy- C. H. Townes and A. L. Schawlow
- 41. Laser Spectroscopy- W. Demtroder
- 42. Practical Physical Chemistry- A. M. James, F. F. Prichard
- 43. Findlay"s Practical Physical Chemistry- B. P. Levitt
- 44. Experimental Physical Chemistry- Shoemaker and Garland