## NEW <br> 2017 <br> Part II 3-Tier PHILOSOPHY

PAPER-II
(General)
Full Marks : 90
Time : 3 Hours
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## [ Long-Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any two questions, taking at least.one from each Group :

## Group-A

1. "Sense-experience is the source of all knowledge" - which school holds this view? Explain critically for and against of this view.
$2+8+5$
2. What is Realism? What are the main features of Representative Realism ? Is the theory is acceptable?
3. There is a necessary connection between cause and effect' - who said this? Discuss the arguments in favour of the theory. Is the theory satisfactory? $1+8+6$

## Group-B

4. What is conversion ? Discuss the rules of conversion. Why is the conversion of ' O ' proposition not possible?
$3+9+3$
5. What is meant by 'Existential import' of a proposition? Explain with illustration the existential import of the categorical propositions.
$3+12$
6. What is Argument from Analogy ? Discuss the criteria of the evaluation of analogical argument.
$4+11$

## [ Semi-Long-Answer Type Question: ]

Answer any five questions, taking at lenat two from each Group :

## Group-A

7. Explain in brief the main tenets of criticism.
8. Explain and Examine Critical Realism.
9. Make a comparism between Neo-Realism and Scientific Realism.
10. Give a brief account of Regularity theory,
11. Do you think that parallalism is a satisfactory explanation of the mind-body relation?

## Group-B

12. Explain the rules of distribution of four categorical propositions.
13. First obvert and then convert the following propositions:
(i) No Patriots are students.
(ii) Some men are honest.
14. Test the validity of the following arguments by means of Venn-diagrams : (i) IEO - 3, (ii) All rare things are valuable and some rare things are not useful. Therefore not all useful things are valuable.
15. Use truth-tables to characterrise the following statement forms as tautologous, contingent and self-contradictory :
(i) $\mathrm{p} \supset[(\mathrm{p} \supset \mathrm{q}) \supset \mathrm{q}] \supset \mathrm{q}$
(ii) $(p \cdot q) \cdot(p \supset q)$
16. Use truth-tables to determine the validity of the following two arguments :
(i) $(\mathrm{R} \vee \mathrm{S}) \supset \mathrm{T} / \mathrm{T} \supset(\mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{S}) / \therefore(\mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{S}) \supset(\mathrm{R} \vee \mathrm{S})$
(ii) If you are hard worker then you will succeed, you are hard worker, so you will succeed.

## [ Short-Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :

## Group-A

17. How does Locke refutes Innate Ideas?
18. Distinguish between primary and secondary qualities.
19. What do you mean by Subjective Idealism?
20. What is the commonsense view of causation?
21. Discuss in brief the mind-body theory of Interactionism.

## Group-B

22. What is opposition of Proposition?
23. Distinguish between exclusive and inclusive senses of 'or'.
24. Express the following proposition by means of venn diagram : 'Some students are Attentive.'

4
25. What will be the truth value of the following propositions when ' $P \vee Q$ ' is true? (i) $P \supset Q$, (ii) $P \cdot Q$.
26. What da you mean by hypothesis?

## বआनूबाज


পরীক্ষাথীদের যথাসভ্তব নিঢজর ভাষায় উত্তর দাওয়া প্রয়োজন।

## * ( দौर्ঘ-উত্তরমুখী প্রশ্নাবनী )

নীচের বিভাগ থেকে একটি করে প্রশ্ন নিঢ়ে মোট দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও :

## বिভाभ-ক

 মতের সপক্ষে এ বিপক্ষে যুক্তি দাও।

२। বস্তুবাদ কাকে বনে ? প্রতির্রপী বশ্ুবাদের মূন বৈশিষ্ট্যগুলি কি.কি? এই মতবাদ कि খ্रহণযোগ্য? ২+৭+৬

৩1 ‘কার্य-কারনণর মঢ্য় অনিবার্य সংযোগ আছ্’’ - কার বক্তব্য? এই মতবাদের

বিভাগ-খ

81 आবর্তন কাভ্ক বলে? আবর্তনের নিয়মগুলি आলোচনা কর। 'O' বচনের আবর্তन সষ্ভব নয় কেন?
(ब) 'अフ্তিত্রমুলক তাৎপর্य' বলতে কি বোঝায়? উদাহরনগহ নিরপেক্ষ কচনের अস্তিप্বমুनক তাৎপর্य आडলাচনা কর। $0+52$

৬। উপমা যুক্তি কাকে বলে? উপমা যুক্তির মূन्याয়নের মানদণুগি উৰল্লেখ কর।

$$
8+25
$$

 णा नथाउ। $(b \subset d) \cdot(b \cdot d)$
$[b \subset(b)$
$[5)] \subset d$ $8+8$

 C/17/B.A./Pat1 $11(0) / 3 T(\mathrm{~N}) /$ Phil. $/ 2$


## © $-14|a b|$



## s০। কার্य-কারণ সম্পর্কে নিয়ত সংযোগতত্তৃ সংক্ষেপে আলোচনা কর।

১১। সমান্তরালবাদ কি দেহ-মন সম্পকে সত্তোयজনক মতবাদ?

## বিষাগ-4



(ii) दिएू মानूय इस ₹ल।
C/17/B.A./Part-II(C)/3T(N)/Phil./2
(рапиннй)

$8+8$
১৯। বিষয়গত ভাববাদ বলতে কি বোঝায়?

২১। সংক্কেপে ক্রিয়া প্রতিক্রিয়্যাবাদ আলোচনা কর।
বিভাগ-খ


२8। নীচের বচনটি ভেনচিত্রে প্রকাশ কর:
‘কিছু ছাত্র হয় মনোযোগী।’

々+々
২৬। প্রকল্প বলতে তুমি কি বোঝ:

## NEW

2017

## Part II 3-Tier <br> PHILOSOPHY <br> PAPER-II <br> (General) <br> Full Marks : 90 <br> Time : 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## [ Long-Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any two questions, taking at least one from each Group :
$15 \times 2$

## Group-A

1. "Sense-experience is the source of all knowledge" - which school holds this view ? Explain critically for and against of this view.
$2+8+5$
2. What is Realism? What are the main features of Representative Realism? Is the theory is acceptable?

There is a necessary connection between cause and effect - who said this? Discuss the arguments in favour of the theory. Is the theory satisfactory?

## Group-B

4. What is conversion? Discuss the rules of conversion. Why conversion of 'O' proposition not possible? is the conversion of $3+9+3$
5. What is meant by 'Existential import' of a proposition? Explain with illustration the existential import of the categorical propositions.
$3+12$

What is Argument from Analogy? Discuss the criteria of the evaluation of analogical argument.

## [ Semi-Long-Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :

## Group-A

7. Explain in brief the main tenets of criticism
8. Explain and Examine Critical Realism.
9. Make a compariam between Neo-Realism and Scientific Realism.
10. Give a brief account of Regularity theory.
11. Do you think that parallalism is a satisfactory explanation of the mind-body relation?

## Group-B

12. Explain the rules of distribution of four categorical propositions.
13. First obvert and then convert the following propositions :
(i) No Patriots are students.
(ii) Some men are honest.
14. Test the validity of the following arguments by means of Venn-diagrams : (i) IEO - 3, (ii) All rare things are valuable and some rare things are not useful. Therefore not all useful things are valuable.

4+4
15. Use truth-tables to charactérise the following statement forms as tautologous, contingent and self-contradictory :
(i) $\mathrm{p} \supset[(\mathrm{p} \supset \mathrm{q}) \supset \mathrm{q}] \supset \mathrm{q}$
(ii) $(p \cdot q) \cdot(p \supset q)$
16. Use truth-tables to determine the validity of the following two arguments :
(i) $(R \vee S) \supset T / T \supset(R \cdot S) / \therefore(R \cdot S) \supset(R \vee S)$
(ii) If you are hard worker then you will succeed, you are hard worker, so you will succeed.
$4+4$

## ［ Short－Answer Type Questions］

Answer any five questions，taking at least two from each Group ：
$4 \times 5$

## Group－A

17．How does Locke refutes Innate Ideas？
18．Distinguish between primary and secondary qualities．

19．What do you mean by Subjective Idealism？
20．What is the commonsense view of causation？
21．Discuss in brief the mind－body theory of Interactionism

## Group－B

22．What is opposition of Proposition？
23．Distinguish between exclusive and inclusive senses of＇or＇，

24．Express the following proposition by means of venn diagram ：＇Some students are Attentive．＇

25．What will be the truth value of the following propositions when＇$P \vee Q$＇is true ？（i）$P \supset Q$ ，（ii）$P \cdot Q$ ．
$2+2$
26．What do you mean by hypothesis？

## বঙ্গানুবাদ

पर्किष প্রান্তস্থ সংখ্যাত্তল⿵ প্রীম্নমাन निর্দশক।
পরীকাথীদের যशসমঙ্ভব निজের ভাযয় উত্তর দেওয়া প্রয়োজন।

## （ দীর্থ－উত্তন্নমুशী প্রশ্নাবলী ）

নীচের বিভাগ থ্থেে একাটি কढর প্রশ্ন নিয়ে মাট দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর मাও：
コexさ

## বিভাগ－ক

১। ‘ইन्फ्रिয় অভিজ্ঞো সকল ভানের উৎস’－এই মতটি কোন সম্প্পদাढ্যের？এইই মতের সপক্ষে ও বিপক্ষে যুক্তি দা৩।
$2+b+c$
 কি থ্রহণয়াগ্য？
$z+9+4$
৩1 ‘কার্य－কারণণর মড়্যা अनिবার্य সशযোগ আছছ’－কার বক্তব্য？এই মতবাদরর


## বিভাগ－খ

81 आবর্তন কাকে বरলে？আবর্তনের निয়মগুলি আলোচনা কর।＇O＇বচনের আবর্তন সষ্ভব নয় কেন？
$\checkmark+৯+\cdots$
 अস্তিত্বমূनক তাৎপর্य आढোচনা কর। ++5

৬। উপমা यুক্তি কাকে বরল？উপমা যুক্তির মূল্যায়গের মানদণুগুলি উরম্মে কর।

$$
8+25
$$

C／17／B．A．／Part－II（G）／3T（N）／Phil．／2
（Turn Over）


$$
8+8 \quad(b \subset d) \cdot(b \cdot d)(m)
$$



$$
[b \subset(b \subset d)] \subset d \quad(!)
$$

## ( সৃক্किन्ত-উত্তন্রমুখী প্রশ্নাবলী )

বিভাগ-ক

 প্রশ্মের উত্তর দাও : $8 \times$ 区 বিভাগ-ক
১৭। लক্ কিভাবে সহজাত ধারণা খল্ডন করেন?
১৮। মুখ্য ও গ্গীণ তুণের মধ্যে পার্থক্য দেখাও।
C/17/B.A./Part-II(G)/3T(N)/Phil./2

দাও:

188) 1 保
b

১৯। বিষয়গত ভাববাদ বলত কি বোঝায়?


বিভাগ-খ
২२। বচ়ন্নর बিরোধীতা বলতে কি বোঝায়?
২৪। नীচের ব্ডনটি ভেনচিত্রে প্রকাশ কর্ :
‘কিছ্ছু ছাত্র रয় . মনোযোগী।'
र৫। यमि 'P V Q' সত্য হয় তढে নীढচর বচনগুলির সত্যমূन্য কি रবে?
$O \cdot d(\underline{I T}) \quad O \subset d(t)$
২৬। প্রকল্প বলতে তুমি কি বোঝ?

2017 PHILOSOPHY
[Honours]
PAPER - III
Full Marks : 90
Time : 4 hours
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable
Illustrate the answers wherever necessary
[NEW SYLLABUS]
[ Long-Answer type questions]
Answer any two questions, taking at least
one from each Group :

## GROUP - A

1. What is Introspection? What are its disadvantages? How can they be overcome?
2. What is Perception ? Explain critically Gestalt Theory of Perception in this regard. $3+12$
3. What is consciousness? Explain in this connection, the characteristics of Consciousness. Distinguish between conscious and subconscious. $2+10+3$
GROUP - B
4. What is meant by 'society'? Explain the Idealistic Theory regarding the relation between individual and the society. Is this theory satisfactory? Explain in brief. $\quad 2+8+5$
5. What is 'trusteeship' ? Explain its implication after Gandhiji. Do you think that this law should be implemented for the betterment of India? $2+9+4$
6. What is Democracy? Explain the merits and demerits of Democratic Goverment. $\quad 5+10$

## [Semi-Long Answer type questions ]

Answer any five questions, taking at least
two from each Group :

## GROUP - A

7. What is Learning? Discuss critically Thorndike's laws of learning.
8. Write a short notes on Psychoanalysis.
9. What are the causes of forgetting? Is forgetfulness an evil?

$$
6+2
$$

10. What is I.Q. ? How would you measure the I.Q. of adults?
11. Are mind and body parallel to each other?

- Discuss.
GROUP - B

12. What is social Philosophy? Briefly explain the nature of Social Philosophy.
13. Explain the idea of Freedom from the standpoint of Rabindranath Tagore.
14. Discuss the main tenets of Radical feminism.
15. Determine the relation between state and nation.

UGЛІ/PHILHЛIM17(New)
(Turn Over)

## (5)

16. What is 'Utopian' Socialism? Give your answer following Saint Simon and Robert owen.
[Short Answer type questions ]
Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group:

GROUP - A
17. Is pure sensation possible?
18. What are the proofs for the existence of
Unconscious mental States?
19. Who are called Liberal Feminist ?
20. What are the marks of good memory? 4
21. What are the functions of cerebellum?
GROUP - B
22. What is 'Freedom' according to Sartre?
23. Write a short note on the Theory of Surplus Value. 4
24. Distinguish between an association and an institution.
25. How does Social Philosophy differ from social sciences?
26. Is political philosophy a branch of philosophy? Discuss.

## ব



( नृठन भाठबग )
[ मীर्ष-উब্টর্মুীी প্রশ্লাবলী]
निম্সেন প্রতিটি বিভাগ শেকে একটি করে নিয়ে মোট দूট্রি গ্রশ্নের উট্টর দাও: د®×マ

বিভাগ- -
 मूर्र बता সeब ? $0+9+c$

UGЛI/PHI/HЛIII7(New)
(Twrn Over )



बिजाभ——







[^0]
## दिভাগ-ক

UG/I/PHIL/H/11/17(New)

## ( 8 )

## [ সरकिशु-উઉ্बমूনী প্র্নাবनी]



$$
\text { মোট भাচটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও: } \quad 8 \times ৫
$$

বিভাগ-ক

ゝ৮। মনের নিষ্তান স্তরের অস্তিচ্বের প্রমাণ কি কি ? 8
১৯। উদাব্রপন্থী নারীবাদী কাদের বना হয় ? 8
२०। প्रथन्र स्גृতिন্ন बक्षণগুनि. कि ? 8

বিভাগ-

र२। সाর্ৰেন মতে ‘স্বাষীनতা’ कि? 8

२8। সংघ ४ প্রতিষ্ঠানের ম<্যে পার্থका क্র। 8

২৬। রাষ্ট্রमর্শন কি সর্শনের একটি শাখা ? - আলোচনা কর $1 \quad 8$

## 2017

## PHILOSOPHY

[Honours ]
PAPER - V
Full Marks : 90
Time : 4 hours
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

## [NEW SYLLABUS]

[Long Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any two questions, taking at least one
from each Group :

## GROUP - A

1. (a) Explain Annambhatta's definition of Buddhi as mentioned in Tarka-Samgraha.
(b) Why the definition is changed in Dipik $\bar{a}$ ? 5
(c) Is the change satisfactory? Explain. 5
2. (a) Elucidate Annambhatta's definition of apramā.
(b) Discuss the objections raised by Annambhatta against the definition and the solution thereof.
3. (a) Analyse the definition of Kärana as given in Tarkasamgraha.
(b) What is the adjective added by Annambhatta in Dipikā for making the definition free from defect?

## GROUP - B

4. (a) On what grounds do the Bhāttas consider anupalabdhi to be a separate pramāna? 8
(b) Show how does Annambhatta refute the Bhätta view in his Dipika?
5. (a) What is the definition of Laksana?
(b) Explain with examples different kinds of
Laksan̄a.
6. (a) What is 'Arthapātti'?
(b) Explain why Annambhatta refuses to accept arthāpatti as a distinct pramāna.
[Semi-Long Answer Type Questions]
Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :
GROUP - A
7. Explain two views about 'Karana'.
8. Elucidate the different kinds of laukika sannikarsa as given in Tarkasamgraha.
9. Explain with example the definition of Upamiti admitted by Annamb hatṭa.
10. How is Vyāptigraha possible? Answer after the Dipikā.
11. State and explain the definition of kārya given by Annambhatta.
GROUP - B
12. Analyse the role of 'Siddhi' and anumitsä' in respect of inference.
13. Can Sabda-pramāna be included in anumaña pramāna? Discuss.
14. Explain and illustrate different kinds of Upādhi.8
15. Briefly discuss the theory of akhyäti.
16. Point out the paksa, sādhya and hetu in each of the following cases of anumiti and explain why the hetu is faulty :
(a) The hare's horn is pointed, because it is a horn.
(b) An apple is sweet, for it has appleness in it.

## [ Short Answer Type Questions ]

Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :

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GROUP - A
```

17. What is Vyäpti ?4
18. What is 'Sakti' ? ..... 4
19. What is 'asamavāyi kārana'? ..... 4
20. What is 'pratyaksa'? ..... 4
21. What is 'Paksată'? ..... 4
GROUP - B
22. What is Viruddha hetvābhāsa?

## （ 6 ）

23．Analyse the meaning of the term＇prāmānya＇． 4
24．What is＇tarka＇？
25．What is＇ $\bar{a} k a \dot{m} k s \vec{a}$＇？
26．What is＇Sat－hetu＇？

बनानूবाদ


（ वूर्न भाठठक्रू ）

প্रতিটি বিঘাগ থেকে অকটি করে নিয়ে লোট দूটি গ্রশ্রের উত্তর দা ：

निछांण－क


（গ）পর্নিবর্তনটি कि সד্大োষজনক？द्याथ্যা কন্ন।
 कर।



 দোমমুক্ট কর্রেেেন ？

## बिछाभ－

81 （क）ভাট্ট মীমাংসকগণ কোন্ কোন যুক্বিলে অनूপলক্ষিखে

（ॠ）जम্ন®ট্ট দীপিকাতে কিভারে ভাট্টমত অখন করে নিজের মত প্রতিষ্ঠা করেহেন তা দেখাও।
©।（क）लश्वणात्र मर्ला पाड।©

ओ।（邓）＂অর্রপপ্তি＇কাকে বনে ？
(8)

（ 0I ） বিভাগ－V
२२। বিরুদ্ধ্ হে丬্বাতাস কাকে বনে？
২৩। ‘পামাণ্য’ পদটির অর্ধ কি ？
২৫।＇আকাফ্যা＇কাকে ব大ৈ．？
২心＇সৎ－ढহহু＇কাকে বনে ？
UG／I／PHLLH／V／I7（New）

## 2017

PHILOSOPHY
[Honours]
PAPER - VI
Full Marks : 90
Time : 4 hours
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary
[NEW SYLLABUS]
[Long-Answer type questions]
Answer any two questions, taking at least one from each Group :
GROUP - A

1. Distinguish between Psychological Hedonism and Ethical Hedonism. Does the former leads to the latter?

$$
10+5
$$

2. What is altruism in Ethics? Explain Bentham's altruistic theory of Hedonism. What are the differences between Bentham and Mill's thought regarding altruistic Hedonism?

$$
2+7+6
$$

3. What is utilitarianism? Discuss the distinction between act utilitarianism and rule-utilitarianism.
GROUP - B
4. What is euthanasia? What are its conditions? Do you think that euthanasia is morally good? Give reasons for your answer.
5. How does Swami Vivakananda establish that the Vedanta Philosophy can be applied in man's practical life? Discuss.

## 6. What is Environmental Ethics ? Is it necessary for human existence? Discuss fully. $5+10$

## [Semi-Long Answer type questions ]

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Answer any five questions, taking at least } \\
& \text { two from each Group: } 8 \times 5
\end{aligned}
$$

GROUP - A
7. What is Egoistic Hedonism ? Explain the views of the Carvāka-Philosophers and that of Greek-Philosophers-Aristipus and Epicurus in this respect. vvio stmomulozivas ahi bos swame $2+6$
8. Explain clearly the Emotive theory regarding the nature of moral judgement.
9. Explain clearly the concept of 'Duty for duty's sake'.
10. State and Explain the various stages of voluntary action.
11. Explain clearly the reformative theory of punishment in ethics. Is this theory acceptable?
GROUP - B
12. Explain the idea of gender discrimination after Peter Singer.

$$
\text { I enoita } A
$$

## (4)

13. Critically discuss Gandhiji's concept of 'Sarvodaya' and its application in India.
14. Write a brief note on mokssa.
15. What is capital punishment? Is it justified? Explain shortly.
16. Would you support the western Tradition about nature and its environment? Give reasons in Support of your answer.
[ Short Answer type questions ]
Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :

## GROUP - A

17. Distinguish between Motive and Intention.
18. Explain paradox of Regorism. 4
19. What is meant by 'Deontologial Ethics' ? 4
20. What are moral, Immoral and Non-moral Actions?

## ( 5 )

21. Make a distinction between good and right.
GROUP - B
22. Does Gender-discrimination violate Human Right? ..... 4
23. What are the arguments in favour of abortion. ..... 4
24. Is self-sacrifice a type of Suicide? ..... 4
25. What do you mean by Svadharma and Paradharma? ..... 4
26. Distinguish between anthropocentrism andnon-anthropocentrism.4
बचनूूराश


(नूख्न भोलिय )
(6)


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## [Honours]

PAPER - VII
Full Marks : 90
Time : 4 hours
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
Illustrate the answers wherever necessary
[NEW SYLLABUS]
[Long-Answer Type Questions]
Answer any two questions, taking at least
one from each Group :
$15 \times 2$
(Turn Over)

GROUP-A

1. (a) Discuss the relation of $a$ word to its meaning.
(b) What is the principle of common usage of a word?
(c) Is there any exception to this principle of common usage of word? Discuss with suitable examples.
2. (a) Distinguish between defining and accompanying characteristics.
(b) What is the harm in saying that all characteristics are accompanying ?
(c) What type of characteristic is mentioned in each of the following propositions?
(i) Man is a laughing animal.
(ii) Negroes are black.
(iii) Steel is an alloy of iron.
(iv) Squares have four sides.

## (3)

3. Critically examine the correspondence theory of truth. Explain the senses in which the words "true" or "truth" are used in the following sentences:
(a) It is truth that hurts.
(b) You connot draw a true circle.
(c) He is true to his wife.
GROUP - B
4. (a) What is the nature of scientific explanation? 5
(b) Briefly state its characteristics.
5. Critically discuss the verifiability criterion of meaning.
6. (a) What is determinism?
(b) How can determinism be compatible with human freedom?

## [Semi-Long -Answer Type Questions]

## Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group :

GROUP -A
7. Distinguish between weak and strong senses of 'know'.
8. Show the differences with example between analytic and synthetic statements.
9. (a) What is Ostensive definition ?
(b) Do you consider it as the most fundamental one? Explain.
10. Explain sense-experience as the source of
knowledge.
11. Write a short note on : Category Mistake.

## GROUP - B

12. What do you mean by 'Law of Nature'?
13. Explain the Representative Theory of Realism.
14. (a) What is the problem of induction?
(b) Does Hospers suggest any solution to it $? 4+4$
15. Explain the central idea of phenomenalism. 8
16. Explain the nominalist theory of Universal. 8
[Short-Answer Type Questions]
Answer any five questions, taking
at least two from each Group:
GROUP -A
17. What do you mean by 'Process-Product Ambiguity'?
18. State the major thesis of pragmatic theory of truth.
GROUP - B
19. Distinguish between explaining and giving reasons.
20. What is idealism?
21. Which of the following propositions would you consider to be the law of nature? Why?
(i) All human beings are mortal.
(ii) All the crows in the United States are black.
22. Distinguish between descriptive and prescriptive law.
23. 'We construct theories, but we discover laws of nature'. Explain.

7
(6)



(क) সण्ड रूना बেमनाफाझ़क

(भ) टে তাत्त গ্রীत्र গ्रणि সত্যनिछ ।
विजाञ-V
81 (क) बৈ※निक ब্যाष्याद्र গकृতि कि?

(Thrn Over)
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पनिन-


## बनानूबाम

(1) निम्भেশ
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## বিভাগ-






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$b$
(Continued)

UG/II/PHIL/H/VILI7(New)

## （ 10 ）

का（क）निय्र्बवनाप्र कि ？
 अशडिभृণ रु丁 भाज्रে？आढেाणना कर।



বিভাগ-ক


क1（क）भम्यनमूलक সश्ञा बाब大 बऩ ？
 कन ？यूखि मा® ।
 231 जिबा वেষ ：भकान－विएय（Category Mistake）।
বিভাগ-4

（Contimued）

281 （क）आর্রেा अनूมाननর धर्ष সমभा की ？




 মোট পাঁচটি প্রশ্নেন উ উত্ন্ পাও ：

विडाগ－ब
 Ambiguity）बनত্ত पूমি कि बোय？？
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（ii）শनियाज धूयाज्ए।

( Ef )



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(Conftnued)

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    2017
PHILOSOPHY
    [Honours]
    PAPER - VIII
Full Marks : }9
    Time:4 hours
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The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary
[NEW SYLLABUS]
[Long Answer Type Questions ]
Answer any two questions, taking one
from each Group :

## (2)

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { GROUP - A } \\
\text { (The Philosophy of Religion) }
\end{gathered}
$$

1. Explain and examine the ontological proofs for the existence of God.
2. Discuss the basic characteristics of Universal Religion.
3. "Religion is the opium of the people"- Do you support this view? Give reasons for your answer.
GROUP - B

## (The Problems of Philosophy)

4. Discuss after Russell the distinction between appearance and reality.
5. Explain Russell's theory of universals. How does it differ from Plato?
6. What are the limits of philosophical knowledge, according to Russell ?

$$
(3)
$$

OR
(Vedāntasāra)
7. Define Ajñ̃ana after Sadānanda's Vedāntasāra and explain the significance of each term employed in it.
8. What is anubandha? What are they? Explain any one of them.

$$
5+2+8
$$

9. What is meant by adhyāropa ? Distinguish in this connection between vastu and avastu.

## [Semi Long Answer Type Questions]

Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group: $\quad 8 \times 5$
GROUP - A

## (The Philosophy of Religion)

10. How do you distinguish between Magic and Religion? Does religion originate from the failure of magic ?
$4+4$

## (4)

11. Discuss the characteristics of National Religion. 8
12. Explain clearly the place of God in Yoga philosophy.
13. What is materialism? Discuss materialism as advocated by the Cārväks.
14. Explain Braithwaite's non-cognitive theory of religious language.

## GROUP - B

(The Problems of Philosophy)
15. What is knowledge by acquaintance? Explain after Russell, the different things of knowledge by acquaitance.
16. What is Idealism ? How does Russell show that Berkely's arguements for idealism is wrong from both objective and formal standpoint? $\quad 2+6$
17. Discuss about the nature of matter following Russell.
18. What is 'truth' as pointed out by Russell ? 8
19. Discuss Russell's view about the value of philosophy.

OR

## (Vedāntasāra)

20. Why is Brahman called akhanda? Explain. ..... 8
21. Explain the two powers of ajñana. ..... 8
22. Explain the nature of Hiranyagarbha. ..... 8
23. What are the different kinds of Koṣas accordingto Vedänta philosophy? What are they?8
24. Explain the theory of self following Buddha. ..... 8
[ Short Answer Type Questions ]
Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each Group: ..... $4 \times 5$
GROUP - A(The Philosophy of Religion)
25. What is totem? Explain in short. ..... 4
26. What is the 'Ghost Theory'? Discuss. ..... 4

## ( 6 )

11. 
12. God in Nyāya-philosophy.
GROUP - B following Russell. therefore I am'.
13. Explain the moral argument for the existence of4
14. How does Sāmkhya reject the existence of God? 4
15. What are the aims of comparative religion?
(The Problems of Philosophy)
16. Relate 'sense datum' with 'physical object'
17. What is 'Idea' according to Berkeley?
18. Explain after Russell, the proposition 'I think,
19. What is the instinctive belief for the existence of the world?
20. How does Russell make a distinction between scientific knowledge and philosophical knowledge?
( 7 )

## OR <br> (Vedāntasāra)

## 35. What is 'Prakaraña'? Explain after Vedānta.

36. What is 'Prajñ̄ā? Explain after Vedāntasāra. ..... 4
37. Explain 'Titikṣă'? ..... 4
38. What are 'Nitya' and 'Naimittika Karmas'? ..... 4
39. What is the necessity of Guru-Vandanā? ..... 4
বঙ্গানুবাদদক্ষিণ-প্রান্তস্য সংখ্যাজ্জি প্রল্নমান নির্ডেশক
(नृष्न भाटखक्रम )
[ দীর্ষ উট্তরমুथী প্রশ্নাবनী]
খ্তিটি বিষাগ লেকে একটি করে নিয়ে লোট पूট্ট
প্রশ্লের উত্তর দাও:


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| বिएাগ－ <br>  |  |  |
| 81 |  निरপণ কর। |  |
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অथना
(বেদাটসান)


৩৭1 'তিতিক্ষা' কী ব্যাখ্যা কন ।
७৮ا 'निण्र' В 'निमिखिক' बर्य কाকে বनে ?
৩৯। ঔহ্রু-ব্্দনার প্রয়োজন কি
UG/IIPHIL/H/VII/17(New)


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    মেট্টাঁচীি ব্রল্নের উত্তন্ল দাও:

