

Internal Examination [Academic Session  
2023] - History **C-13(H)** [*International  
Relations after the Second World War*]  
27.06.2023

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY  
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE  
SEMESTER 6 (HONOURS)  
Year 2023

*\* Indicates required question*

---

1. Email \*

---

Candidate's Details

2. Registration No. (Please don't write registration year): \*

---

3. Registration Year: \*

*Mark only one oval.*

2022-2023

2021-2022

2020-2021

2019-2020

4. Candidate's name in CAPITAL letters: \*

---

## Questions

Time allowed: 40 minutes.

This paper consists of 20 multiple-choice type of questions.

Each question has 4 alternative responses.

You have to choose the correct response against each question.

Answer all the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.

5. Which of the following is **correct**? \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The word "glasnost" means restructuring.
- Glasnost brought some liberal reforms in the areas of human rights and cultural affairs.
- Glasnost further strengthened the censorship of media.
- None of the above.

6. Which of the following is **incorrect**? \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The word "perestroika" means openness.
- Production system was liberalized to some extent under Perestroika.
- Foreign private investment was allowed though in a limited way under Perestroika.
- None of the above.

7. Which of the following is correct about Globalization? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The flow of goods and services has been increased due to the force of Globalization.
- IMF is an enabler of Globalization.
- Both of the above.
- None of the above.

8. Which of the following is incorrect about apartheid? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Apartheid is a system of governance based on racial discrimination.
- Apartheid was prevalent in South Africa even in the 1980s.
- South Africa got its first black President only in the 1990s because of the curse of apartheid.
- None of the above.

9. Which of the following is **correct**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Russia had peacefully resolved the Hungarian crisis of 1956.
- The Hungarian rising was an attempt to get rid off Russian control and interference.
- Both of the above.
- None of the above.

10. Under which foreign secretary, US policy of *roll back* was introduced against contemporary Russia? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- George Kennan
- John Foster Dulles
- Antony J Blinken
- Georange P. Shultz

11. Point out the option which is not compatible with the Khrushchev proposed *Socialism with a Human Face*. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Increase in pensions and other state disbursements.
- Development of consumer industries.
- Thousands of prisoners' release from labour camps.
- Dissolution of Comintern.

12. Strike out the odd one. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The Cuban Crisis (1962 CE)
- The Korean Crisis (1950-1953 CE)
- The Berlin Crisis (1958-1961 CE)
- The Prague Spring (1968 CE)

13. Strike out the odd one. \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Gomulka
- Imre Negy
- Josip Broz Tito
- Antonin Novotny

14. Strike out the odd one. \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Richard Nixon
- Henry Kissinger
- Leonid Brezhnev
- President Charles de Gaulle

15. Strike out the odd one. \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Laszlo Rajk
- Rudolf Slansky
- Zavis Kalara
- General Alexei Beschastnov

16. Which of the following statements about the 20th Party Congress of Soviet Communist Party, held in 1956, is/are **true**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Khrushchev denounced the personality cult and dictatorship of Joseph Stalin.
- The newly designed policy of Khrushchev allowed some freedom of information in the media, arts and various strands of mainstream culture.
- He opined for peaceful eco-cultural coexistence with the contemporary capitalist world.
- All of the above.

17. Which of the following statements about the Hungarian Challenge is/are **true**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Open elections were held in villages and towns.
- In several government documents, new councils were formed to challenge the state.
- Several thousands members of the Hungarian Army were defeated to the workers' cause.
- All of the above.

18. Find out the **true** statement/s about post Stalin East Germany. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- In 1952, Stalin's ardent follower Walter Ulbricht had begun the 'accelerated construction of Socialism'.
- A huge programme of 'Farm Collectivization' had been started.
- Soviet style of industrialization was in vogue with great emphasis on heavy industry at the expense of consumer goods.
- All of the above.

19. Find out the correctly matched pair. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- "To construct a superbomb would be a danger to humanity as a whole" - Edward Teller
- "It is the duty of the government of the day to push ahead in that race with a restless and determined enemy." - Robert Oppenheimer
- "The United States would be in an intolerable position if a possible enemy possessed the bomb and the United States did not." - US Army
- All of the above.

20. Find out the **false** statement. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- In 1945, the Americans were the first to reach the German rocket site in the Baltic Coast.
- On 15 May 1954, Americans tested the worlds' first ICBM.
- In 1955, Soviet Tu- Bison bomber was revealed at the Moscow air show to deliver nuclear bomb all the way to United States.
- None of the above.

21. Which of the following statements is/are **true** about Israel? (i) It is situated \* 1 point towards the east of the Mediterranean sea. (ii) Jordan is the largest flowing river in Israel.

*Mark only one oval.*

- Option i
- i and ii
- Option ii
- None of the above.

22. Which two ideologies were involved in a conflict during the Cold War era? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Communism and Capitalism
- Monarchism and Capitalism
- Communalism and Capitalism
- None of the above

23. Which of the following statements about the cold war is **wrong**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- It was a long termed competition between USA and USSR along with their respective allies.
- It was an ideological war between two superpowers.
- It triggered off an arms race.
- The USA and USSR were engaged in direct wars.

24. Which of the following countries is not a member of the ASEAN? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Indonesia
- Vietnam
- Sri Lanka
- Brunei

---

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

Google Forms



# Internal Examination [Academic Session 2023] - History C-14(H) [*Modern Nationalism in India*] 27.06.2023

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY  
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE  
SEMESTER 6 (HONOURS)  
Year 2023

\* Indicates required question

---

1. Email \*

---

Candidate's Details

2. Registration No. (Please don't write registration year): \*

---

3. Registration Year: \*

*Mark only one oval.*

2022-2023

2021-2022

2020-2021

2019-2020

4. Candidate's name in CAPITAL letters: \*

---

## Questions

Time allowed: **40 minutes**.

This paper consists of **20 multiple-choice type of questions**.

Each question has 4 alternative responses.

You have to choose the correct response against each question.

Answer all the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.

5. Consider the following statements about the Swaraj Party: [1] The Swarajists were opposed to the dyarchy introduced by the 1919 Reforms. [2] C.R. Das became the first president of the Swaraj Party. [3] Birendra Nath Sasmal was a Swarajist. [4] C. Rajagopalachari was a 'pro-changer'. Which of the following are **true**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

1,2,4

1,2,3

2,3,4

1,3,4

6. According to Judith Brown, Gandhi's rise to power was made possible by his 'subcontractors'. These 'subcontractors' represented the emergence of \_\_\_\_\_ in Indian politics. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

subalterns of small towns

vernacular elites of backward areas

peasants and workers of localities

western educated elites of provinces

7. The Ganapati festival of Bal Gangadhar Tilak [1] politically inspired Vinayak Savarkar. [2] was an important component of the cultural project of nationalism in India. [3] caused the Muslims to withdraw their support for the Indian National Congress. Choose the **correct** option. \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- 1,2,3
- 1,3
- 2,3
- 1,2

8. Which of the following is **not true** about the Cambridge interpretation of Indian nationalism? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Locality was the real base of politics, and not the region or nation.
- British government's greater presence in the locality created the space for national politics in India.
- Focus of study was on class and class conflict within the nationalist movement.
- Power was central to the analysis of Indian nationalism.

9. Which of the following is **incorrect** about Bipan Chandra's *India's Struggle for Independence: 1857-1947*? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- The phases of the national movement were explained through Gramscian 'war of position'.
- The different stages of India's struggle for independence were characterised as 'pressure-compromise-pressure'.
- It is a Nationalist-Marxist interpretation of the Indian national movement.
- It moves beyond R.P. Dutt's explanation of Indian nationalism.

10. Following is a statement by a peasant named Hiran Tewari, son of Rashi Tewari, of village Banbirwa, thana Kesaria, kothi Jagirha: *I have not signed any agreement on sarahbeshi although I have been compelled to pay at an enhanced rate since 1321F. I cut a branch of my own tree for which I was detained for three days in the kothi by the police at the instance of the factory. I had not paid my rent for the year and had fled away to Motihari for fear of the factory peon. In my absence some of my belongings from my house were taken away by the said factory peons. My father lives separately from me has signed sarahbeshi agreement.* The peasant belonged to which region? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Bardoli
- Champaran
- Kheda
- Gorakhpur

11. The Panchsheel of peaceful coexistence, embodied in the 1954 treaty with China, included: [1] mutual respect for each other's sovereignty and territorial integrity. [2] non aggression. [3] non interference in the affairs of others. [4] non alignment with either of the super powers. [5] equality and mutual benefit. [6] peaceful coexistence. Select the **correct** answer from the codes given below: \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- 1,2,3,4,6
- 1,2,4,5,
- 1,2,3,5,6
- 3,4,5,6

12. All the texts mentioned below discuss the economic impact of imperialism \* 1 point in India. But, which of the following gives a detailed analysis of the three phases of British exploitation of India?

*Mark only one oval.*

- 'Essays on Indian Economics' - Mahadev Govind Ranade
- 'Some Economic Aspects of British Rule in India' - Subrahmanya Iyer
- 'The Poverty Problem in India' - Prithwis Chandra Ray
- 'India Today' - R.P. Dutt

13. Dadabhai Naoroji was the founder of \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- East India Association, 1866
- Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, 1870
- Bombay Presidency Association, 1885
- Indian National Conference, 1883

14. Sumit Sarkar has identified four major trends in Bengal Swadeshi, which \* 1 point were, the moderate trend, constructive swadeshi, political extremism and revolutionary terrorism. Which of the following is **not** an instance of non-political constructive swadeshi with a strong emphasis on *atmashakti*?

*Mark only one oval.*

- Abanindranath Tagore's painting of 'Bharatmata'
- Physicist Jagadishchandra Bose's work on 'Plant Response'
- National Council of Education, Calcutta
- Newspaper 'Sandhya' by Brahmobandhav Upadhyay

15. According to Ayesha Jalal (*The Sole Spokesman: Jinnah, the Muslim League and the Demand for Pakistan*), [1]\_\_\_\_\_ turned the Indian Muslims into a perpetual minority and [2]\_\_\_\_\_ proclaimed them as a nation. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- [1] Morley-Minto Reform [2] Lahore Resolution of the Muslim League, 1940
- [1] Montague-Chelmsford Reform [2] Lahore Resolution of the Muslim League, 1940
- [1] Morley-Minto Reform [2] Simla Deputation, 1906
- [1] Montague-Chelmsford Reform [2] Dacca Educational Conference, 1906

16. Who of the following was not associated with the Andhra movement? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- C. Rajagopalachari
- T. Prakasam
- Swami Sitaram
- Potti Sriramulu

17. The 'Drain Theory' was the key theme of economic nationalism. In this context consider the following statements and identify the **incorrect** option. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Moderate nationalists believed that the drain theory can be easily explained to every Indian, including the peasants.
- Economic drain to Britain includes 'Home Charges'.
- The drain theory questioned the economic essence of British imperialism.
- None of the above.

18. Which of the following statements about 'Muslim politics' is **false**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Bengali Muslims participated in the initial phase of the Swadeshi movement.
- Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan's views on politics were not accepted by all members of the Muslim community.
- Lt. Governor Bamfylde Fuller's administrative policies were against the interests of the Indian Muslims.
- Anjuman-i-Islami was the first Muslim organization in Bengal.

19. Consider the following statements about the Khilafat movement and choose the **correct** options. [1] Khilafat leaders had made strategic use of Gandhi's appeal without any actual belief in non-violence. [2] Use of Muslim religious symbols and the participation of the ulema in the Khilafat movement further communally divided the Hindus and Muslims. [3] In Malabar the Khilafat caused Moplahs to make temporary peace with Nambudiri landlords. [4] Khilafat leaders were not particularly concerned with the fate of the Khalifa in the Middle-East, as for them, Khilafat was a symbol that united the Muslims in India. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- 1,2,4
- 1,2,3
- 1,4
- 3,4

20. What is the characteristic feature of "blinker historiography"? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Acknowledging the presence of an autonomous domain of politics.
- Recognising the existence of a domain which resists elite domination.
- Neglecting the contributions made by the people on their own without elite intervention.
- Focusing on domain of politics where there is dominance without hegemony.

21. Identify the historian from the Subaltern Studies collective, who has written on construction of communalism and partition of India. \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Sahid Amin
- Gyanendra Pandey
- Dipesh Chakraborty
- Gautam Bhadra

22. Given below are two statements, one labelled as *Assertion (A)* and the other labelled as *Reason (R)*. **Assertion (A):** Bharatendu Harishchandra promoted Sanskritized Hindi in the Nagri script as different from Urdu, and demanded official recognition of Hindi. **Reason (R):** Madan Mohan Malaviya's support to Harishchandra's demand made the Congress unpopular among the Muslims of the United Provinces. In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is **correct**? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (A) is false, but (R) is true.



23. Ayesha Jalal is critical of the view that the Muslim League headed by Jinnah saw Partition as the only solution to India's communal question from March 1940, because [1] Jinnah wanted parity between Hindus and Muslims in any future constitutional negotiations with the British. [2] Jinnah rejected the Rajaji Plan of 1944. [3] Until the 3 June Plan, Jinnah had visualised Pakistan to be a part of an all India federal structure. [4] The demand for Partition came from Bengal Congress. Choose the **correct** option. \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- 1,2,3,4
- 1,2,3
- 1,2,4
- 3,4

24. Given below are two statements, one labelled as *Assertion (A)* and the other labelled as *Reason (R)*. **Assertion (A)**: Bengal in 1905 was divided, not because of administrative efficiency. **Reason (R)**: Proposal for partition on linguistic division rather than religious division of the population was rejected by Curzon. In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is **correct**? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (A) is false, but (R) is true.

---

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

Google Forms



# Internal Examination [Academic Session 2023] - History **DSE-3(H)** [*War and Diplomacy, 1914-1945*] 28.06.2023

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY  
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE  
SEMESTER 6 (HONOURS)  
Year 2023

*\* Indicates required question*

---

1. Email \*

---

Candidate's Details

2. Registration No. (Please don't write registration year): \*

---

3. Registration Year: \*

*Mark only one oval.*

2022-2023

2021-2022

2020-2021

2019-2020

4. Candidate's name in CAPITAL letters: \*

---

## Questions

Time allowed: **40 minutes**.

This paper consists of **20 multiple-choice type of questions**.

Each question has 4 alternative responses.

You have to choose the correct response against each question.

Answer all the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.

5. Consider the following statements and choose the **correct** option: (I) \* 1 point  
According to Marxist theory, a highly concentrated industrial proletariat under conditions of advanced capitalist production is likely to be revolutionary, but in revolutionary Russia the proletariat had close links with the peasantry. (II) The Russian working class had been exceptionally revolutionary from the 1890s to 1914.

*Mark only one oval.*

- Only I is correct
- Only II is correct
- Both I and II are correct
- Neither I nor II are correct

6. Which the following statements about the Narodnik movement is **false**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Narodnism was a form of agrarian socialism.
- Russia would directly pass into peasant anarchist socialism without undergoing industrialisation.
- Russian peasantry would achieve revolution on their own.
- Narodnik movement was led by the Russian intelligentsia.

7. Who was the French Prime Minister at Versailles? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Briand
- Petain
- Nivelle
- Clemenceau

8. Lenin \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- in 'What Is To Be Done?' (1902), insisted on the importance of centralization, strict discipline, and ideological unity within the party.
- in 'Two Tactics of Social Democracy' (1905), argues for an alliance between the Russian bourgeoisie and peasantry.
- supported Russia's participation in the First World War.
- wanted an alliance with the Mensheviks in 1905.

9. Who controlled the Saar region as per the Treaty of Versailles? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- France
- Germany
- Belgium
- League of Nations

10. Which of the following statement is/are **correct** about the Global Economic Depression of 1929? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Shrinking of money in the market transformed the prevailing recession into the Global Economic Depression.
- Crisis of the banking sector had little role to play in the Global Economic Depression.
- Both of the above
- None of the above

11. Which of the following is/are **incorrect** about the impact of the Global Economic Depression of 1929? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Fall in GDP.
- Increase in the employment opportunities.
- Both of the above.
- None of the above

12. Which of the following conditions of the Treaty of Versailles was/were used by Hitler to turn the people in his support? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Loss of German colonies.
- Reduction of the military might of Germany.
- Imposition of huge war indemnity on Germany.
- All of the above.

13. Which of the following measure/s of Hitler helped to spread absolute Nazi \* 1 point  
rule in Germany?

*Mark only one oval.*

- Formation of a secret police organization called Gestapo.
- Censorship of newspapers.
- Introduction of conscription.
- All of the above

14. Chronologically arrange the following steps of Hitler's foreign policy. [i] \* 1 point  
Anglo-German Naval Agreement. [ii] Annexation of Austria. [iii]  
Withdrawal of German membership from Disarmament Conference. [iv]  
Signing of the Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact.

*Mark only one oval.*

- i-ii-iii-iv
- iv-iii-ii-i
- iii-i-ii-iv
- ii-iii-iv-i

15. Which of the following is **correct** about the Civil War of Spain (1936)? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The working of the Non-intervention Committee actually helped the Republican Government.
- Soviet Union helped General Franco in his fight against the Republican Government.
- Germany supplied arms to the Republican Government of Spain.
- None of the above.

16. Which of the following is/are **incorrect** about the Civil War in Spain in 1936? [i] General Franco won and ruled Spain from 1939 to 1973. [ii] Spain joined with the Axis Power in the World War II. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Only i
- Only ii
- Both
- None

17. Which of the following is/are **correct** about the German Russian Non Aggression Pact? [i] Not to attack each other. [ii] The terms of the treaty was supposed to remain active for 10 years. [iii] They would help each other if anyone of them was attacked by USA. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Only ii & iii
- Only i & iii
- Only i & ii
- None

18. Which of the following is **incorrect** about the Lend Lease policy of USA? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- This Act authorized the President of USA to declare war.
- This Act empowered the President of USA to supply war materials to any country for the "defence of USA".
- Both of the above.
- None of the above.



19. Find out the odd one. \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- The Red Cross Convention
- Postal Union
- Inter Parliamentary Union
- Working Mens' Association

20. Which is the odd one? \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Greece
- Serbia
- Bulgaria
- Albania

21. Strike out the odd one. \*

1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Operation Sea Lion
- Buffalo Strategy
- Blitzkrieg
- Sitzkrieg

22. Identify the **true** statement/s about the Danubian Peace Settlement. (i) \* 1 point  
Austria and Hungary were separated. (ii) Italy, Poland, Rumania and Greece gained additional lands. (iii) A new composite state of Czechoslovakia was formed. (iv) Northern Slav people combined to form Yugoslavia.

*Mark only one oval.*

- Option i and ii  
 Option iii and iv  
 Option ii and iii  
 All of the above.

23. Which is the odd one? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Treaty of Sevres  
 Treaty of Lausanne  
 Treaty of Neuilly  
 Treaty of San Francisco

24. Identify the **false** statement about Eastern European Peace Settlement. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Poland was reconstituted.  
 The Baltic states of Finland, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania gained complete independence from Russia.  
 The Hapsburg Empire disintegrated into a number of Danubian States.  
 In order to combat with the resurgent Germany, these Danubian states gained continuous support from Russia between two World Wars.

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

# Google Forms



# Internal Examination [Academic Session 2023] - History **DSE-4(H)** [*Environmental History of India*] 28.06.2023

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY  
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE  
SEMESTER 6 (HONOURS)  
Year 2023

*\* Indicates required question*

---

1. Email \*

---

Candidate's Details

2. Registration No. (Please don't write registration year): \*

---

3. Registration Year: \*

*Mark only one oval.*

2022-2023

2021-2022

2020-2021

2019-2020

4. Candidate's name in CAPITAL letters: \*

---

## Questions

Time allowed: 40 minutes.

This paper consists of 20 multiple-choice type of questions.

Each question has 4 alternative responses.

You have to choose the correct response against each question.

Answer all the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.

5. The Mughal State encouraged extension of cultivation to waste lands. \* 1 point  
Within this context identify the **false** statement.

*Mark only one oval.*

- Half of 'madad-i-maash' grants constituted waste lands.
- Many zamindars emerged at the frontiers of cultivation due to clearing of forests.
- The village 'muqaddams' were given the authority to make available waste land to anyone who wished to cultivate it.
- The system of 'peshkash' ensured expansion of cultivation in waste lands.

6. Which of the following is *not true* about Mughal royal hunt? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Royal hunting expeditions often involved armed expeditions against the enemy of the Empire.
- 'Mir Shikaran' was in-charge of the arrangements of royal hunt.
- Often royal hunt symbolised the ability of the Emperor to tame, dominate or get rid of 'noxious animals'.
- The 'qamargha' hunting technique was invented by Akbar.

7. Bengal in early India has been described as *devamatrika* because \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- her lands were watered by rivers.
- of her agricultural prosperity.
- she received substantial amount of annual rainfall.
- of her extensive forest and marshy lands.

8. Which of the following was not related to the hydraulic resources of early-medieval Bengal? \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- 'avaskara'
- 'ganginika'
- 'kulya'
- 'brihadali'

9. The colonial discourse on environment has been put forward by Alfred Crosby in his book, *Ecological Imperialism: The Biological Expansion of Europe*. Within this context identify the **false** statement. \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- 'Portmanteau Biota' enabled European powers to dominate North and South America.
- In the biological expansion of Europe, India was 'beyond reach' but 'within grasp'.
- In India, the British could not create neo-Europes by destroying indigenous populations and their natural resource base.
- 'Columbian Exchange' involves large scale transfer of flora and fauna from Europe to the New World.

10. Given below are two statements, one labelled as *Assertion (A)* and the other labelled as *Reason (R)*. **Assertion (A):** According to Jos Gommans, the 'Delhi Frontier' provided the key to political dominion in northern India. **Reason (R):** The 'Delhi Frontier' was the meeting place between arid zones and monsoon lands. In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is **correct**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (A) is false, but (R) is true.

11. Early Indian texts are of the opinion that elephants of \_\_\_\_\_ *gaja vana* were the worst type. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Prachya
- Panchanada
- Kalinga
- Angareya



12. Given below are two statements, one labelled as *Assertion (A)* and the other labelled as *Reason (R)*. **Assertion (A):** K. Sivaramakrishnan is of the opinion that for the colonial rule, the Jungle Mahals were 'zones of anomaly'. **Reason (R):** The system of Permanent Settlement could not be successfully extended to the Jungle Mahals, and there were repeated peasant and tribal rebellions. In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is **correct**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (A) is false, but (R) is true.

13. In early India, there were instances of forest spaces (*atavi*) transforming into forest kingdoms (*atavi rajya*). Sanskritization of such spaces involve: [1] establishing *varnasrama-dharma*. [2] using Sanskrit for official record keeping. [3] claiming *kshatriya* status. [4] granting land to *brahmanas*. Choose the correct option. \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- 1,2,3,4
- 2,3,4
- 1,3
- 1,2,4

14. Consider the following statements and choose the **correct** option: (I) \* 1 point  
Aloka Parasher-Sen in her essay, *Of Tribes, Hunters, and Barbarians: Forest Dwellers in the Mauryan Period*, argues that in the pre-Mauryan times forest dwellers were excluded from imperial territory. But, during the Mauryan period new forms of political, economic, and ideological dominance were imposed on forest people, leading to their assimilation into the structure of the empire. (II) Romila Thapar in her essay, *Perceiving the Forest: Early India*, points out that perception of the forest changes from the *Mahabharata* to the *Abhijnana-sakuntalam* to the *Harshacharita*.

Mark only one oval.

- Only I is correct
- Only II is correct
- Both I and II are correct
- Neither I nor II are correct

15. Eclectic belief systems, whether in the form religious sanctions or social conventions, have supported resource conservation in the subcontinent. \* 1 point  
How did the social conventions of Kaikadis of Maharashtra help in resource conservation?

Mark only one oval.

- They did not use palmyra palm as a raw material for basket weaving.
- They considered any kind of cultivation to be against their 'jatidharma'.
- They did not hunt pregnant or young deer.
- They did not use plough in their cultivation as it was thought to be an act of sin.

16. Simon Digby studied the role of the supply of warhorses and elephants in the formation, consolidation, and eventual decline of the Sultanates of Delhi. Regular supply of military horses were necessary to maintain the military machine of the Delhi Sultanate. Which of the following statements about the supply of warhorses during the period of the Delhi Sultanate is/are **true**? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Quality of warhorses in the royal army declined during Firuz Shah Tughlaq.
- Horse breeding tribes of the eastern Punjab provided horses to the Delhi Sultanate.
- Delhi sultans often invested in the warhorse trade.
- All of the above.

17. Richard Grove \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- is of the view that ecological imperialism is a one sided process.
- rejects the idea that imperialism is a two-way process.
- thinks that early modern geographical expeditions and botanical researches radically transformed European idea of nature.
- gives the idea of 'Green Imperialism', which is based on Europe's ecological expansion in North and South America.

18. Who has combined archival research with interpretation of subaltern oral traditions to write on the history of the politics of wilderness in colonial India? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Ajay Skaria
- Mahesh Rangarajan
- Gunnel Cederlof
- Neeladri Bhattacharya

19. Four wild animals are evident around the horned deity of Mohenjo-daro seal. They are \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- Water buffalo, cow, deer, horse
- Rhinoceros, water buffalo, elephant, tiger
- Tiger, rhinoceros, elephant, horse
- Elephant, cow, water buffalo, tiger

20. According to contemporary research, the people of which era are termed as 'climatic refugees'? \* 1 point

*Mark only one oval.*

- [1] Indus people
- [2] Later-Vedic people
- Both [1] and [2]
- Neither [1] nor [2]

21. Mughal armies used elephants for several purposes. But, they were **not** used \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- in forest and riverine areas instead of horses.
- as 'gaj-nal'.
- as 'shutur-nal'.
- in the Bengal delta for destroying mud forts.

22. Identify the **true** statement/s about Nomadic Pastoralism. \* 1 point

Mark only one oval.

- In this mode, elements of private property began to emerge.
- Religions like Judaism, Christianity and Islam arose in tracts of Middle East dominated by nomadic pastorals.
- The resources they moved have been both high-bulk commodities like salt, and high-value, low-bulk luxury items like precious stones and musk.
- All of the above.

23. Which of the following statements about the *Industrial Mode of Production* is/are **true**? \* 1 point

(i) This mode separates man from nature. (ii) In spite of the separatist ideology, this mode acknowledges the increasing scale of environmental problem, and is ready to accept *limits to growth* theory. (iii) Scientific way of thinking became the norm of industrial ideology which overshadows the realm of religion and custom.

Mark only one oval.

- Option i and ii
- Option i and iii
- Option ii and iii
- All of the above.

24. Point out the **False** statement/s:

\* 1 point

(i) In the *Gathering Mode* of resource usage, human muscle power and fuelwood, both the energy resources were used simultaneously. (ii) In this mode, plant and animal materials along with stones were utilized on a daily basis. (iii) Domestication of animals in order to transport resources was not a salient feature of this mode.

*Mark only one oval.*

- Option i and ii
- Option ii and iii
- Option ii
- Option iii

---

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

Google Forms