2022

5th Semester Examination

(DEUN)

ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper : DSE 1-T

[CBCS]

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Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

[Animal Behavior and Chronobiology]

Group - A

- 1. Answer any *five* of the following questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) What is telotaxy?
 - (b) What is fixed action pattern?
 - (c) Distinguish between innate and learned behavior.
 - (d) Write notes on advantages of the Waggle dance.
 - (e) Distinguish between endogenous rhythm and exogenous rhythm.
 - (f). What are circannual rhythms?

P.T.O.

- (g) Write note on Entertainment and Zeitgebers.
 - (h) Distinguish between semelparity and iteroparity.

Group - B

- 2. Answer any *four* of the following questions: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Write down the adaptive significance of biological clocks.
 - (b) Describe Pavlov's experiment and state its significance.
 - (c) With the help of an example discuss the phenomenon of male rivalry in sexual selection. Do the females have any influence on the outcome of male rivlary?

 3+1
 - (d) With the help of suitable example discuss female choice in sexual selection.
 - (e) What is habituation? Write down the adaptive value of habituation.
 - (f) Explain the significance of sign stimulus in eliciting a fixed action pattern with any one sample.

- 3. Answer any *one* of the following questions: $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) What is operant learning? State its working principle. Explain how it is different from that of latent learning.

 2+5+3

(b) Define imprinting. Discuss different type of imprinting. Distinguish between filial and sexual imprinting. Add a note on the significance of imprinting.

1+3+2+4

[Microbiology]

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

Group - A

- 1. Answer any *five* of the following questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) Differentiate between prolkaryotic pathogens and eqkaryotic pathogens with examples.
 - (b) Briefly mention about the strucutre of peptidoglycan.
 - (c) Write a short note on glycocalyx.
 - (d) What is prions? Give example.
 - (e) Differentiate between plasmids and episomes.
 - (I) Write the name of normal flora, which is present in our body with beneficial functions.
 - (g) What do you mean by F⁺ and Hfr?
 - (h) Write note on cytoplasmic inclusions

Group - B

- 2. Answer any *four* of the following questions: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Describe whittaker's kingdom concept with suitable example.
 - (b) What is Gram staining? Write down the

procedure of the same with appropriate explanation.

- (c) Why Acid fast staining in required? Explain it with the procedure and example.
- (d) What is Transformation? How it occurs? Write its one application.
 - (e) Compare the result between the mating of F⁺ and F⁻/Hfr and F⁻.
 - (f) Explain selective media with example.

- 2. Answer any *one* of the following questions: $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - Name of pathogen, symptoms, pathogenesin, mode of action and preventive measures of AIDS disease.
 - (b) Write about physical conditions required for growth of baeleria in detail.

B.Sc/5th Sem (H)/ZOOH/22(CBCS)

2022

5th Semester Examination

ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper: C 12-T

[Genetics]

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

- 1. Answer any *five* of the following questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) What is replicative transposon? Give an example.
 - (b) Differentiate auxotrophs from prototrophs.
 - (e) Give example of one monosomic and one trisomic condition in human.
 - (d) What is frame shift mutation?
 - What is Dosages compensation?
 - (f) What is transposons?

- (g) What is incomplete dominance examples?
- (h) What is pleiotropy?

Group - B

- 2. Answer any *four* of the following questions: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Describe the basic features of an ISI element. Comment on its mechanism of transposition.

3+2

- (b) Briefly discuss the molecular mechanism of dosage compensation in human/mammal.
 - (c) The result of a test cross experiment shows 15 progenies with new combination and 108 progenies with parental combination. Calculate recombination frequency. What do you understand by 'coupling' and 'repulsiofi'? 2+3
 - (d) How does missence mutation differ from neutral mutation? What is tautomeric shift? Cite one example of base analog mutagen. 3+1+1
- How does nondisjunction affect chromosome number?
- How is sex determed in Drosophila? What is sex of XXY Drosophila?

- 3. Answer any *one* of the following questions: $1 \times 10 = 10$
 - (a) What is complementation test? Discuss the Benzer's experiment with rII region of T4 bacteriophage for determining whether two rII mutants belong to same gene or not. 2+8
 - What is a chromosomal aberration? What are the types of chromosomal aberrations? Write a note on different chromosomal trisomy and their symptoms.

 2+3+5

2022

5th Semester Examination

ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper: C 11-T

[Molecular Biology]

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

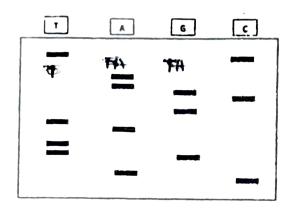
- 1. Answer any *five* of the following questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) What do you mean by TATA Box and CAAT Box?
 - Write the significance of histone methylation.
 - (c) What do you mean by Degeneracy of genetic code?
- (d) Why DNA is considered nucleic acid?
 - (e) Differentiate between Activators and Enhancers.
 - (f) What is salting out of DNA?

P.T.O.

- (g) What is hypochromic shift in DNA?
- (h) What are the basal transcription factors?

Group - B

- 2. Answer any *four* of the following questions: $4 \times 5 = 20$
 - (a) Why is sanger sequencing called didoxy sequencing? Based on the given gel picture below write down the DNA sequence.



What is BigDye?

2+2+1

- (b) Give a schematic representation of splicesome mediated splicing. What is RNA editing? 4+1
- $\sqrt{(c)}$ Write short notes on:
 - (i) Base excision repair.
 - (ii) DNA profreading

21/2+21/2

What is catabolic repression? Wht are constitutive mutations of alc operon? 3+2

- (e) Whi is DNA replication called semidiscontinuous? Briefly describe the 'Rho independent' termination of transcription. 3+2
- (f) Describe the process of intron removal by spliceosome. What is Shine-Dalgarno sequence?

- 3. Answer any *one* of the following questions: $1 \times 10=10$
 - (a) Give a clear diagram of OriC. Write down the significance of sliding clamp in DNA replication. Describe lagging strand DNA replication with a suitable diagram. Why is DNA replication considered semiconservative? 2+2+4+2
 - (b) Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription. What is RNA editing? Mention any two application of Southern Blotting Technique. Illustrate the process of RNA charging during translation in prolaryotes. 2+3+2+3