

# বিদ্যাসাগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

## **Question Paper**

### **B.Sc. Honours Examinations 2020**

(Under CBCS Pattern)

Semester - III

### Subject: MATHEAMATICS

Paper: C7T

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 Hours

Candiates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### THEORY [Marks 40]

		Answer any <i>two</i> from the following questions :	2×20
1.	(a)	) Explain Newton-Raphson method to solve the equation $g(x) = 0$ .	6
	(b)	Find the rate of convergence of Newton-Raphson method.	7
	(c)	Find a real root of the equation $f(x) \equiv x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$ lies between 2 a Resula-Falsi method.	and 3 by 7
2.	(a)	Discuss Gauss-elimination method to slove the system of linear equation.	8

(b) Solve the folloiwng equation by Gauss-elimination method.

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 4$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 2$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 3$$

(c) State the differences between direct and iterative methods.

3. (a) Find an LU- decomposition of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & 5 \\ 6 & 20 & 10 \\ 4 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and use it to solve the

system 
$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -12 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 where  $x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$ . 10

- (b) Deduce Lagrange interpolation method. 10
- 4. (a) Describe Euler's method and modified Enler's method to solve the following differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y), \ y(x_0) = y_0$$
10

(b) Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$ , and when x = 0, y = 1. Find the values of y(0.1) by fourth order Runge-Kutta method.

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#### **PRACTICAL** [Marks 20]

#### Group - A

Answer any *one* from the following questions :  $1 \times 10$ 

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Write a program to evaluate  $\int_{12}^{3} (x \log 2x + \sin 2x) dx$  by trapezoidal rule taking 140 subintervals.
- 2. Write a program to find the value of y(0.1) from the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y, \quad y(0.1) = 1.$$

- 3. Write a program to find the sum of the following series  $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{10050}$ .
- 4. Write a program to find a root of the equation  $x^3 2x 1 = 0$  by bisection method.
- 5. Write a program to solve the equation  $2x \sin x 1 = 0$  using fixed point iteration method.
- 6. Write a program to find a real root of  $x^5 + 3x^2 1 = 0$  by Newton-Raphosn method.
- 7. Write a program to compute  $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \, dx$  by using Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$  rule with 200 sub intervals.

8. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{0.4}^{1.6} \frac{x}{\sin x} dx$  by weddle's rule by taking 120 sub-intervals.

- 9. Given  $y' = 3x + y^2$ , y(1) = 1.2, h = 0.1. Find y(1.8) R-K method of four order.
- 10. Write a program to find a root of the equation  $x \sin x 1 = 0$  by secant method.
- 11. Using iterative formula to compute  $\sqrt[7]{125}$ . Correct to five significant digits.

12. Find a real root of the equation  $\log x = \cos x$  uisng Regula-falsi method. Correct to three significant figures. 13. Fit a linear curve to the data X 6 8 10 12 4 12.01 13.72 12.90 11.14 10.31 y 14. If the prescribed curve be  $f(x) = a + \beta x + \gamma x^2$ , estimate  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  by least square method from the following data. 2 6 10 X 4 31.47 91.29 3.97 12.85 37.38y 15. Write a program to compute  $\int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2-1}{x}} dx$  by using Simpson's  $\frac{1}{6}$  rule using 1000 subintervals. Group - B Answer any one from the following questions : 1×10 Each question carries 10 marks. 16. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{0.5} e^{x} dx$  by five-point Gaussian quadrature. 17. Solve the following system of linear equations by LU decomposition method : x + y + z = 1, 4x + 3y - z = 6, 3x + 5y + 3x = 418. Apply Newton's backward difference formula to obtain the value of y at x = 1.2 using the following table. X 0 1 2 3 4 1.5 2.2 f(x)1 3.1 4.3

19. Use Lagrange's interpolation formula to find f(x) when x = 0 from the following table X 2 4 -1 -2f(x)-1 -9 11 69 20. Solve the following system of equations by Gaussian elimination method. 3x + 2y + z = 10, 2x + 3y + 2z = 14, x + 2y + 3x = 1421. Solve the following by Eyler's modified method.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log(x+y), y(0) = 2, \text{ at } x = 1.4 \text{ with } h = 0.2$ 22. Solve the following system by Gauss Seidal method.  $20x + 5y - 2z = 14, \ 3x + 10y + z = 17, \ x - 4y + 10z = 23$ 23. Solve the following systems of equation by Gauss-Jacobi's iteration mehtod. 4x + 0.24y + 0.08z = 8,0.09x + 3y - 0.15z = 9,0.04x - 0.08y + 4z = 2024. Find by power method, the numerically largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the following matrix : 25. Find the value of  $e^x$  when x = 0.612 using Newton's forward difference method. X 0.61 0.62 0.63 0.64 0.65 1.840431 1.858928 1.896481 f(x)1.877610 1.915541 26. The distance (d) that a car has travelled at time (t) is given below : Time (t) 0 2 0.63 0.64 0.65 Distance (d) 0 160 300 380 40

- 27. Evaluate y(0.02) given  $y' = x^2 + y$ , y(0) = 1 by modified Euler's method.
- 28. Write a program to find the value of y(0.1) from the differential equation

 $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y + 100, x(0) = 1.2$  by fourth order Runge Kutta method.

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- 29. If f(0)=1, f(0.1)=0.9975, f(0.2)=0.9900, f(0.3)=0.9800 and hence find f(0.05) using Newton's forward formula.
- 30. Given  $\log_{10} 654 = 2.8156$ ,  $\log_{10} 658 = 2,.8182$ ,  $\log_{10} 659 = 2.8189$ ,  $\log_{10} 661 = 2.8202$ , find  $\log_{10} 656$  using Newton's forward formula.